Arafat wants peace talks to resume

CAIRO (R) — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat said Wednesday he wanted peace talks with Israel to resume but a crisis over 400 Palestinians expelled to Lebanon had to be resolved first. Mr. Arafat stopped over at expelled to Lebanon had to be resolved first. Mr. Arafat stopped over at Cairo airport and met Egyptian presidential adviser Osama Al Baz at the same time as U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher was making new proposals on the evictoes to Palestinian negotiators in Jerusalem. "I am with the resumption of the peace negotiations but I call for the removal of the obstacles in the way of the Palestinian delegation so they can attend these negotiations," Mr. Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), told reporters. He said Israel had to abide by United Nations Security Council Resolution 799, which demands the immediate return of the evictoes. But he appeared to hint at some flexibility. Asked whether he would support a staged return of the expellees, Mr. Arafat said: "What matters to us is the principle of expulsion. If Israel does not cancel the principle of expulsion, this principle will return a sword suspended over the Palestinian negotiating delegation. I hope that Christopher will succeed in convincing (Israel) to remove the obstacles Christopher will succeed in convincing (Israel) to remove the obstacles

عكذا عن الأمل

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inecce orders search or arms-laden ship

THENS (R) — Greece said Vednesday it had information nat a Greek-flag ship was car-ying Sarbian arms to Somalia in iolation of a U.N. ban. A Forein Ministry spokesman said an avestigation had been ordered ato the incident. His statement ame a day after the New York imes quoted U.S. officials as aying the shipment was signifi-ant because it indicated the lerbs had an abundance of arms tespite a U.N. ban on trade with erbia. "Our information is the hip sailed from Serbia and is eading for Mombasa in Kenya. We have ordered an investigation and instructed our embassy in Jairobi to look into the matter,"

Town Saddam appoints his িঃ 🗓 prother as adviser

BAGHDAD (R) — President addam Hussein appointed his alf brother Barazan Ibrahim Al l'ikriti a political adviser with the ank of a minister, Baghdad newspapers said Wednesday. Barazat Ibrahim Al Tikriti shall be appointed a political adviser to he president of the republic with rank and salary of a minister," he newspapers quoted a pres-dential decree as saying. Mr. Barazan, a former Iraqi intelli-sence chief and Iraq's U.N. enoy in Geneva, is viewed here as reformist. He recently pub-ished several articles in the offiial press urging greater indi-idual and political freedoms. His oppointment brings the number of President Saddam's advisers to

Wystery bomb drops nn a Tehran street

IICOSIA (AP) — A mystery omb has dropped out of the sky n a busy Tehran street, but ackily did not explode, an Iraian newspaper reported ay panicked pedestrians in formation for the second njuries, the Farsi-language daily alam said. It said "the bomb weve fallen from lane." It did not suggest an ttack by enemy aircraft. Bomb lisposal experts defused the derice, the report said without speifying its type.

Clerides will attend peace talks

IICOSIA (R) — President-elect ilafcos Clerides of Cyprus said Vednesday he would attend J.N.-sponsored talks on ending he 18-year division of the island, ossibly in April. "When the time omes we will go the talk. We ave never refused to talks," Mr. Jerides said after meeting outoing President George Vassiou. "I have said that I would ke to see a short postponement ecause I cannot get up and go as oon as I assume office." Mr. lerides, due to be sworn in unday, was commenting on uesday's call by British Foreign ecretary Douglas Hurd to the eaders of the Greek and Turkish hypriot communities to attend he next round of talks chaired by he U.N. secretary-general, in-ially scheduled for next month.

raq to return 20 tanks to Kuwait

CUWAIT (AP) — Keweit exects Iraq next month to return 20 tanks taken from the emirate uring the seven-month Iraqi ccupation, a high-ranking nwaiti official said Wednesday. ulaiman Majid Al Shaheen, ndersecretary of the Foreign finistry, told the state-run uwait News Agency that the nks were due back in Kuwait in "arch. Mr. Shaheen did not give late or specify the kind of tanks rolved, but the Kuwaiti army ed British-made Chieftain and nturion tanks before the Au-# 1990 invasion.

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Palestinians non-committal after receiving Christopher's proposal

U.S. envoy views occupied lands, leaves Mideast today

(Agencies) — Palestinians said U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher made proposals Wednesday for solving the prob-lem of Palestinian expellees that has stalled Middle East peace

Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi said it was too soon to tell if Palestinians would return to the talks, frozen since Israel expelled 415 Palestinians in December

But, while cautioning against high expectations, she told repor-ters Mr. Christopher's proposals made during a two-hour meeting were "worth looking at."

"The proposals came up from both sides," Dr. Ashrawi said. "But they are not final. They are not definite. They are tentative and as I said they are worth looking into and pursuing."

"I must say that there were several ideas raised. There were several proposals made that we decided are worth thinking about and pursuing, and we will be discussing and relaying these ideas and let's hope that we will be able to come up with some-thing new," she said.

Officials close to the discus-

sions had said it was far from clear if a solution would be found to the dispute during Mr. Christopher's first trip to the Middle East, which ends Thursday.

The officials, who did not want to be identified or quoted directly, were busy Tuesday lowering expectations that Mr. Christ-

return to the bargaining table and the officials said chances remained good that talks could sume by mid-April, after the fasting month of Ramadan and the Jewish P т festival.

They said to six or seven engage in perhaps weeks for the s quiet diplomac undertake some u YOUTY actions to ease the

Yet, in public, n seemed willing to budge Dr. Ashrawi refused to answer when asked if the Palestinians would go to Washington.
"I's too soon to tell... we had a

very business-lime, a very serious, a very detailed meeting, we discussed very basic issues pertaining to the deportations, to the peace process," she said. After the meeting Mr. Christ-opher left for final talks with

Israel Prime Minister Yitzhak Mr. Christopher said later he hoped the peace talks would re-

Mr. Christopher told a joint news conference with Mr. Rabin that there were still obstacles to overcome. But he hoped the problem of the evictees in South

ebanon could be solved. "I think we made progress in explaining the situation with respect to the deportees indicating that a process is under way which

opher would close his visit with a firm date for a renewal of negotiations.

All sides appeared eager to be working on this problem over the next several days and weeks and I hope that there will be an

early resumption of the peace talks," Mr. Christopher said. "I leave the Middle East hopeful but cognisant that there still are obstacles, obstacles that will have to be overcome." Mr. Christopher said.

Asked if Israel could be forced. to make further "gestures," Fore-ign Minister Shimon Peres told Israel Radio: "I don't believe so. I don't believe there is a need for

"In my estimation he (Christopher) will get to the purposeful matters with the Palestinians only today and Israel doesn't have to perse gestures needlessly," he told army radio.

Israeli officials said Mr. Rabin would not announce further steps to return the evictees but might speed up a judicial review of each e so some could return early. He has offered to let 101 return at once and the rest by year's end.

Palestinians and evictees themelves have rejected the offer, demanding a speedy return of all the remaining 396 exiles in Lebanon. Israel says the men support Islamic fundamentalist groups who killed Israelis. Mr. Christopher flies to Gene-

va Thursday to meet Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev and from there to Brussels for a North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) foreign ministers meeting before returning to

Dr. Ashrawi said Tuesday the elegates presented Mr. Christopher with a letter from Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat in line with the delegates' hopes that Washington would renew its suspended dialogue with the PLO. The delegates also asked Mr.

Christopher to press Israel to stop using live ammunition against Palestinian protestors, end the demolition of bouses as punishment and lift economic restrictions on residents of the occupied territories. On Tuesday, a Palestinian hu-

man rights group accused the Israeli government of a growing pattern of human rights abuses. It noted the expulsion of more than 400 Palestinians was the largest ass expulsion since Israel seized the West Bank and Gaza Strip in the 1967 war.

The Palestine Human Rights Information also criticised Israel's army for damaging and destroying Palestinian homes with artillery as a way to flush out suspected activists.

Dr. Ashrawi said the delegates told Mr. Christopher that they were committed to the peace process but could not return to the talks now because of deep opposition from a Palestin public angered by Israel's expul-

(Continued on page 5)

Mulroney resigns

OTTAWA (Agencies) — Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mul-roney announced his resignation Wednesday in a letter to a Conservative Party leader, Canadian Press reported.

The 53-year-old Conservative Party leader announced his decision in a letter to Gerry St. Germain, president of the Con-servative Party that Mr. Mulroney has led since 1983. "It is appropriate now for me

to step aside. It is time for the party to elect a new leader," Mr. Mulroney said in the letter quoted by the news agency.

"After almost 10 years as party leader and 8-1/2 as prime minister, it is appropriate now for me to

step aside," he said.
"It is time for the party to elect a new leader who will become Canada's 19th prime minister, Mr. Mulroney said in the letter released by his office as he made the announcement to his party

Conservative Party politicians said Mr. Mulroney's successor will be picked at a leadership convention in mid-June, leading up to a general election before the end of the year.

The main contenders to succeed Mr. Mulroney are defence



Minister Kim Campbell, Trade Minister Michael Wilson, Communications Minister Perrin Beatty and Environment Minister lean Charest.

"l expect a mid-June leadership convention to give a new leader time to get their feet, leading up to an early autumn election," New Brunswick Member of Parliament Bob Corbett told reporters.

Uncertainty over Mr. Mulroney's future has existed ever since the defeat in an October referendum of his government's proposals for constitutional reform aimed at solving the separatist dispute in French-speaking

(Continued on page 5)

Expellees reject temporary transfer to third country

MARI AL ZOHOUR, Lebanon (Agencies) --- Palestinians expelled by Israel said Wednesday they would reject a proposal for repat-riating some of them and sending the rest to a third country.

This is totally rejected. It is unthinkable as far as we are concerned," said the expellees' spokesman, Gaza physician Abdul Aziz Rantisi.

He was commenting on radio reports that a compromise was being worked out that would allow a third of the 396 evictees to return home and transfer the rest to Saudi Arabia or Morocco until a final solution to their plight is

"We have taken an oath to refuse to be returned piecemeal and to refuse to be transferred nywhere other than the land of Palestine," Dr. Rantisi said.

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher was in Israel Wednesday as part of his Middle East tour to revive the Arab-Israeli peace process.
The Palestinians have said they

would not take part in a new round of talks until Israel agrees to repatriate the expellees, whom it exiled Dec. 17 on charges of belonging to Muslim funlamentalist groups.

Lebanon refused to allow the

held territory, saying it would not allow the country to become a nping ground" for Israel's The exiles have since been

s to cross into gove

stranded in a makeshift tent camp between Lebanese and Israel army lines.

Food and medical supplies have been regularly smuggled to them on mules and donkeys by Lebanon based Palestinians and sympathisers across mountain trails from nearby Lebanese vil-

Dr. Rantisi also Wednesday welcomed the refusal of Palestinian negotiators to go back to peace talks with Israel until the crisis over their expulsion was resolved but said more needed to

be done. The stand of the Palestinian delegation is the minimum expected from a Palestinian in these circumstances," said Dr. Rantisi. "Many other steps should follow and a total withdrawal (from the peace talks) is expected."

He said "after Israel has des-

troyed our homes and shelled our kids, it is justified to stop going to any peace negotiation with Israel."

Ortega heads for Baghdad after meeting with King

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein and former Nicaraguan President Daniel Ortega Wednes-day held talks on the Middle East ation, the latest developments in the international scene and

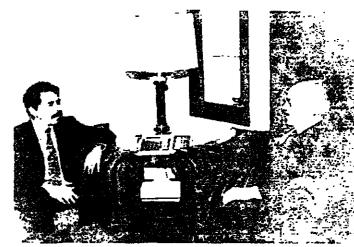
Third World issues. The Jordan News Agency, Pet-ra, said the King and Mr. Ortega also reviewed means to enhance democracy and human rights.

Mr. Ortega, who led the Marxist-oriented Sandinista movement in Nicaragua which overthrew Anatasio Samoza in 1979, left for Iraq shortly after

the meeting.

Before his departure, Mr. Ortega told the Jordan Times that he also discussed with the King the situation in the Middle East and the problems left behind by the Gulf crisis as well as other Third World issues and means to resent them to the new administration in Washington.

"We reviewed in particular the problems of Iraq and the linger-ing crisis and how to resolve them



His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday meets with former Nicaragu President Daniel Ortega (Petra photo)

ickly," Mr. Ortega said. Mr. Ortega, who now leads the Nicaraguan opposition after losng presidential elections in February 1990, said it was essential that "Third World leaders get together with a view to combin

efforts and make Third World issues be understood by the new U.S. administration of President Bill Clinton.

Mr. Ortega, widely hailed as

(Continued on page 5)

Garang spells out his vision of peace

KAMPALA (R) — Rebel leader John Garang said Wednesday be had dissolved the top leadership of his Solved Peoples Liberation Army (SPLA) and called elec-tions for a data haften Mey 16

tions for a date before May 16. "The SPLA political military high command is dissolved with immediate effect," Colonel Garang told a news conference in

He also repeated his calls for the south's autonomy.

Col. Garang said his move-ment would be run by a 61-member general and field staff under James Wani Iga, one of his senior aides until a convention of the SPLA by May 16.

He made the announcement a day after meeting a Khartoura government delegation in the Ugandan capital. Col. Garang agreed at the talks, mediated by Uganda, to resume a Nigerian-sponsored roundtable which stalled last November.

Col. Garang, leader of the mainstream SPLA faction, called for the establishment of an interim period during which Sudan would be ruled as a confederation to tackle the contentious issues that have fuelled one of Africa's longest-running civil wars.

"It is clear that the Khartoum government will not accept a iar constitution, while the SPLA and southern Sudan will not accept to be governed by strict Islamic law under any

camouflage," he told reporters. "If Sudan is to have some form of unity, then the only viable solution is to have two confederal states that are sovereign in their constitutions and security

"After the interim period the people of Sudan's south will exercise the right to selfdetermination in an internationally-supervised referendum as to whether they wish to remain in the confederation or opt for outright independence,"

Col. Garang said. Khartoum has rejected auton omy for the south. The SPLA has fought for

decade to end what it sees as the domination of southern Sudanese Christian and animist blacks by the Arabised Muslim north. In 1972, a peace agreement

granted the south regional autonomy. But relations between the north and south soured and the southerners launched a rebellion in May 1983, a few months before military leader Jaafar Numeiri imposed Islamic law.

The SPLA controls an area several times bigger than neighbouring Uganda but a government military offeasive last year, and recent splits within the movement have weakened it, (See related stories on page 2).

Talabani says Baghdad renews contact with Kurds

Saddam Hussein had renewed contacts with the Kurds to resame a dialogue on autonomy that was suspended without agreement in 1991.
But Mr. Talabani, leader of the

Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK), said the Iraqi leader "could not be trusted." He called the offer "a manoeuvre" after the takeover of the new U.S. admi-

"The dialogue was severed when Saddam refused to endorse indirectly drove out the Kurdish delegation... we believe what he is doing now is a new game. He is

Mr. Talabani and Masoud Barzani, another Kurdish leader, opened a dialogue with Baghdad after an abortive rebellion in northern Iraq following the 1991

The Kurdish leader told Reu-

ters in an interview at his office in the Syrian capital he had assured Syrian leaders that the Kurds did not want to establish an independent state in northern Iraq. But he criticised as an terference in Iraqi affairs" a

this month by the foreign ministers of Syria, Turkey and Iran to discuss the situation in Iraq. "This meeting did not discuss any aggressive actions against us or Iraq. It stressed the necessity or preserving Iraq's unity and how to extend economic aid to

meeting held in Damascus earlier

the Iraqi people... We support all this but representatives of the Iraqi people should have attended such a meeting," Mr. Talabani said. He said the meetings of Iraq's

neighbours which began in Ankara last year were becoming less hostile and representatives of the Kurdish opposition might attend

(Continued on page 5) Iragis refuse to accept 'defeat,'

Marines kill 9 rioting Somalis in Mogadishu

MOGADISHU (Agencies) — American troops in Mogadishu shot dead at least nine Somalis during rioting by thousands of faction supporters storming U.S. and French embassies Wednes-

Witnesses said some of those killed had apparently blockaded the U.S. embassy building in Somalia's capital and were trying to storm it using bare hands,

The rioters, followers of war-lord Mohammad Farah Aideed, appeared to target white soldiers. African contingents of the multi-national task force keeping the peace in war-ravaged Somalia were virtually untouched by the hail of stones the rioters rained on the Americans, some witnesses said

in Paris the foreign ministry said the French embassy in Mogadishu was attacked by about 200 armed men who opened fire on the building after surrounding it

at about seven a.m. No-one was hurt in the building and French troops posted there

"Down with America" in the worst violence to rock Somalia since a 23-nation force headed by the United States deployed in December under U.N. mandate.

The task force was sent on

"Operation Restore Hope" to

end gun law and looting of food

aid for an estimated two million

man Daniel Bernard, who termed

for a second straight day, chanted

The Somalis, out in the streets

'Go Home Americans' and

the incidents as worrying.

starving people in the Somali population of six million. "I counted three bodies, in chuding the teenager killed in morning clashes in the city," said Reuters television cameraman Mohammad Shaffi, who briefly ventured into the chaotic streets echoeing with gunfire throughout

U.S. Cobra helicopters patrol-(Continued on page 3)

Salmoun urges probe into U.N. 'inaction,' page 2

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U.N. said to turn down Iraqi offer to UNRWA

By a **j**ordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The United Nations has informed the Palestinians that it could not accept an Iraqi offer to make up for the deficit in the budget of the main agency that helps Palestinian refugees saying the proposal could not be entertained outside the framework of Security Council resolutions already issued on Iraqi oil sales, informed sources said Wednesday.

"The U.N. secretariat has notified the Palestinian observer (at the world body) that the proposal is not acceptable." said one source.

The source added that the conclusion was made after informal constations. between the secretary-general, Boutros Ghali, and members of the Security Council.

The proposal was not formally abled since there was no legal base to it," said a di-plomatic source. "The main question was over the context of the Iraqi offer and the Iraqis were not exactly very forth-coming in this regard," said the

"They alternated between indicating that the \$50 million offer was independent and saying it could be part of U.N.supervised oil exports envisaged under (Security Council resolutions) 706 and 712," the diplomat told the Jordan

According to another diplomat, the Iraqi offer, made by President Saddam Hussein to Palestinian leader Yasser Ara-

fat early this month, was seen

"aimed at circumventing" re-

solution 706 and 712 - which

call for a one-time Iraqi oil sale

worth \$1.6 billion under U.N.

war and buy food and medicine for the people of Iraq.

Syria and Lebanon.

official comment on the issue and its studious silence was interpreted by most analysts as waiting for the West, particularly Washington, to respond to the proposal. International sanctions im-

posed on Iraq after its August

1990 invasion of Kuwait ban all

Iraqi exports, including oil, the country's mainstay revenue. Resolutions 706 and 712

plained that it did not have funds to buy food and medicine for its people. But Baghdad rejected the resolutions saying they meant violating Iraqi sovereignty and market freedom.

Several rounds of talks between U.N. and Iraqi representatives on the issue produced little result and the proposal appeared to have been all but shelved until the latest gesture by President Saddam refocused attention on

Following the deadlock in talks on implementing the resolutions, the Security Council moved to set up a new fund made up of proceeds from Iraqi oil funds frozen abroad in tine with the sactions. This fund, to which Saudi Arabia

(Continued on page 5)

(Continued on page 5)

supervision to pay for U.N. costs related to the Gulf war, reparations to victims of the

The Iraqi proposal was made after the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for Palestine refugees reported a budget deficit in its operations which offer assistance to Palestine refugees living in the occupied territories, Jordan,

Baghdad has not made any

706 and 712.

DAMASCUS (R) — Kurdish opposition leader Jalal Talabani said Wednesday Iraqi President

Gulf war but no agreement was

chased away the attackers by firing shots in the air, said spokes-

World pressure on Sudan produces policy changes

By Paul Eedle

KHARTOUM — Months of world pressure on Sudan Islamic government over human rights. its treatment of Christians and alleged support for Muslim militant groups have begun to force it to make concessions.

The government agreed in December to improve access for relief supplies and promised to donate all the grain needed for food aid for 1993.

It also allowed the none to visit Khartoum this month and offered new peace talks to rebels in the

Diplomats, aid workers and church leaders are still cautious, saying the government has been promising much more than it has delivered.

They suspect Islamic radicals still dream of converting the pagan and Christian south to Islam and promoting Islamic revolutions elsewhere in Africa and the Middle East.

But they believe that economic sanctions, U.N. condemnation of human rights abuses and government fears that the West might send an army to Sudan as it did to Somalia to guarantee the dis-tribution of relief supplies have produced valuable results.

There has been a long period of pressure on this government from all sides, from international media, from the donors, from the Pope. I think we have benefited from this pressure," one aid official said.

'The government has also understood that it made some mistakes in becoming so iso-

A European diplomat said the decisive factors were economic. Most previous Sudanese governments since independence

Islamic leaders have approved a

code of official discrimination

against the country's largest reli-

gious minority, according to a

secret document made public

The policy recommendation by

the Supreme Revolutionary

Cultural Council and President

Hashemi Rafsaniani concludes

that government dealings with

the Baha'i community "must be

in such a way that their progress

It apparently was endorsed on

and development are blocked."

an unknown date by Iran's sup-

reme leader. Ali Khamenei, suc-

cessor to Ayatollah Ruhollah

Khomeini. According to an En-

glish translation of the document.

'seems sufficient."

Washington.

he wrote at the bottom that it

The list of recommended policies.

drawn up in 1991, was obtained

last year by Reynaldo Galindo

Pohl, the special envoy for Iran of

the United Nations Human

Rights Commission in Geneva.

and described in his report to the

commission this month. It was

made available to the Associated

Press by a Baha'i spokesperson in

"This sinister blueprint con-

firms the calculated policy of

Iran's highest-ranking officials to

destroy the Baha'i community,

said Firuz Kazemzadeh, a profes-

sor at Yale University who is

spokesman for the 110,000

Since the Islamic revolution

which overthrew the Shah in

1979, more than 200 members of

the 300,000-strong community of Baha'is in Iran have been ex-

ecuted, and thousands impris-

oned. Baha'is have been fired

from government posts, Baha'i

religious institutions have been

closed, and property of many

Bahai's has been confiscated.

Baha'is in the United States.

brought down by street protests about economic problems.

Disturbances were reported in three towns in recent weeks. The most serious was in Gedaref, 350 kilometres southeast of Khartoum, where demonstrators protested last month about bread prices and attacked men in beards who looked like Islamic fundamentalists, the diplomat said.

Inflation has soared towards 150 per cent a year since Sudan's free-market finance minister, Abdul Rahim Hamdi, began a risky programme of economic reforms a year ago which cut subsidies on basic commodities and floated the Sudanese pound.

In addition, the diplomat said, Saudi Arabia had banned imports of Sudanese agricultural products in protest at the government's radical direction, cutting off Sudan's main means of earning foreign currency. Its biggest export is sorghum and its chief market is Saudi Arabia.

The European Community (EC) denied Sudan preferential tariffs given to other Third World countires. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank refused to work with Sudan because it has stopped repaying its foreign debts of more than \$16 billion.

At the same time, the diplomatic said Iran was demanding cash payments for oil supplies to Sudan despite its sympathy for the government.

For the moment the more worldly and reasonable side of the government seems to have the upper hand over the hardlinthe aid official said. "Trying to make a structural

adjustment of this size without any foreign assistance at all is like trying to do a triple vault without a net. The last thing they want is have bad marks from donors or

U.N. document says Iran government

These measures were taken

without apparent legal basis. The

newly-disclosed document is the

first indication of official policy

towards the Baha'i faith which

world. Basic tenets are that

prophets of all great religions

represent the same divine spirit

and that all races and nations are

The teachings are considered

Maltreatment of the Bahai'is

blasphemous by Iran's fun-

by Iran has brought widespread international condemnation.

According to the English trans-lation of the Iranian document,

the policy towards the Baha'is

was drawn up on orders from

Ayatollah Khamenei that a speci-

fic policy be devised "so that

everyone will understand what

should or should not be done."

encourage them to be Baha'is it is

permissible to provide for them

the means for ordinary living in

accordance with the general

rights given to every Iranian citizen," it said.

But it orders: "Deny them any

The policy orders that Baha'is

can be employed or attend

schools only if they do not iden-

tify themselves as Baha'is. "Pre-

ferably they should be enrolled in

schools which have a strong and

imposing (Islamic) religious

Ominously, the policy paper rules that Baha'i "political

(espionage) activities must be

dealt with according to appropri-

ate government laws and poli-

ideology.'

position of influence, such as in

the educational sector, etc.

"To the extent that it does not

damentalist Islamic leaders.

adherents around the

springs from Islam and follows cated where the faith's prophet,

the teaching of a 19th century Baha'ullah, died 100 years ago

Iranian-born prophet and has five near Haifa in what was Palestine

has secret plan to destroy Baha'is

Diplomats and aid workers said the government had realised the full extent of its isolation in December, when the United Nations General Assembly voted overwhelmingly to condemn Sudan for human rights abuses including summary executions and torture. Not one African or Arab country defended Khartoum.

The diplomat judged that under this economic and political pressure, the government's current attempts to resume peace talks with the rebels were prob-

The civil war has killed 500,000 people and made 4.5 million homeless over the last 10 years.

"If they want access to loans and grants than the conditions are clear: solve the southern problem, sort out human rights and sign a deal with the IMF. They know very well that these are the rules of the game so I think they will negotiate seriously," he said.

The Catholic Church is more sceptical about promises to end what Christians see as harassment and discrimination.

Pope John Paul's nine-hour visit on Feb. 10 went smoothly. Tens of thousands of jubilant Christian southerners lined Khartoum's streets and packed an open-air mass, the biggest public gatherings since the 1989 coup. The authorities released a priest arrested last July in the southern capital of Juba and ac-cused of hiding a radio transmit-

ter for the rebels. But three days after the Pope's visit, church sources said authorities made a new attempt to impose the veil on girls at a Catholic school, threatening to close it down if did not comply.

"There are a lot of good words. We must see if any deeds will follow," a senior Catholic figure

"A plan must be devised to

confront and destroy their cultu-

ral roots outside the country," it

The Baha'i headquarters is lo-

and is now Israel. There are

Baha'i organisations in more than

U.N. investigator Tuesday ac-

cused Iran of executing 300 peo-

ple last year, more than half of

them for political reasons, and of

routinely torturing prisoners.

Mr. Galindo Pohl, the U.N.

Human Rights Commission's spe-

cial representative on Iran, called

urgently on Tehran to "drastical

ly reduce" the number of execu-

tions and to ensure death sent-

ences resulted from fair trials.

In a 58-page report, he also

appealed to Iran to allow the

International Committee of the

Red Cross (ICRC) to resume

visits to criminal and political

prisoners, halted in March 1992.

"By the end of 1992, 301 indi-

ter adds from Geneva: A

100 countries.



SETTLERS DEMONSTRATE: Israeli settlers Syria for peace during a visit to in the occupied Golan Heights stage a demonstra-tion Tuesday against relinquishing the Heights to Secretary of State Warren Christopher (AFP

Republican Rep. Frank Wolf

letter suggesting the president

send a high level emissary such as

General Norman Schwartzkopf.

U.S. commander in the Gulf war,

to both Khartoum, Sudan's capit-

Mr. Wolf said that during a

damage at the unfortified south-

ern town of Kajo Kaji, near the

lure to act soon will surely result

in still more tragic loss of life and

possibly the loss of an entire

the administration policy review

but suggested there were efforts

to get allies to join the United

States in pressing Khartoum

there are major economic policy

reforms under way that will re-

quire financial support of the

international community," he

said. "I would certainly argue that

one of the things to be looked at

carefully is whether the interna-

tional community supports putting

money toward financial reforms

as long as these kind of human

rights and humanitarian prob-lems" exist.

the past year have pushed back

rebel forces while increasing their

armed strength, Mr. Kunder said.

U.S. authorities have been urging

China and other reported sup-

pliers to halt the flow of arms to Sudan.

Sudanese government forces in

"I don't think it's much of a secret

Mr. Kunder gave few details of

al, and southern areas.

Uganda border.

U.S. to review Sudan policy; envoy to tour rebel regions

starvation.

WASHINGTON (AP) - Presi- were displaced and several hundent Bill Clinton's administration dred thousand face possible is reviewing policies towards Sudan, hoping to ease the agony of hordes of starving and dis-placed civil war victims in the country; a senior official said

Tuesday.
"There is a high-level review of policies toward Sudan under way now in the U.S. governmen said James Kunder, director of the Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance. "One of the issues to be considered is options to address issues of compliance with humanitarian needs" by the Sudanese government, he said.

Mr. Kunder also announced to a congressional panel that Don Petterson, the American ambassador to Sudan, and other UaS. officials plan a visit rebel-held areas of south Sudan. Mr. Petterson was expected to arrive Saturday in the south, said a State Department source, talking on

condition of anonymity.

Sudan has been described as "a second Somalia" in terms of hunger and suffering, but a major difference was described by Mr. Kunder and other speakers on a panel sponsored by the House of Representatives Select Committee on Hunger.

chaos and government breakdown, while Sudan's ordeal resulted from "military action by an organised army" in the 10-year civil war, they said. Resources and aid are avail-

able, but the problem is access, they said, urging pressure to enforce Sudanese government pledges to let international relief agencies make deliveries

Mr. Kunder said earlier this month that 1.7 million people

Families of detained **Swedes** leave Iraq

BAGHDAD (AP) - The famisaid he has sent Mr. Clinton a lies of three Swedes serving long prison terms for entering Iraq illegally left Baghdad Wednesday after their plea for clemency for their loved ones went un-

But government officials told the women to return to Iraq after recent trip to Sudan he saw bomb one month for a final decision on their appeal to President Saddam Hussein, well-informed sources said. They insisted on not being There is little medical care, no identified further. health care, insufficient food to sustain life," Mr. Wolf said. "Fai-

The Swedes - Christer Stromren, Stefan Wihlborg and Leif Westerberg — were arrested af-ter straying into Iraq across the poorly marked border last ptember. The men, who worked for the Ericsson telecommunications company in Kuwait, have been sentenced to seven

vears in prison each. During their week-long stay in Iraq, their families were allowed to visit them three times at Iraq's main Abu Ghraib prison.

Mr. Wihlborg's mother, Kajsa Wihlborg, Mr. Stromgren's wife, Maija-Liisa Stromgren, and Westerberg's wife Maria Westerdeg for Amman in two cars. The 1,000-kilometres desert highway is Iraq's only link with the outsid world because international sanctions keep its main travel facilies

"We came with hope in our heart ...we are returning with the same hope in our heart," Mrs. Wihlborg said late Tuesday, after the families returned from their last visit to the prison on the outskirts of Baghdad.

founder of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's main guerrilla group Fatah, was quoted as

saying.
Yallop, whose last book "In God's Name" claims Pope John Paul I was assassinated, interviewed people in more than 20 countries. They included members of Carlos' family, intelligence agents, German Red Army group member Peter Jurgen Boock, and Palestinian radical

Abu Nidal. Yallop said the trail to the real Carlos produced what he considers solid evidence that Iraq — not Libya — was behind the 1975 attack on Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) headquarters in Vienna in which 11 oil ministers were

According to Abu Iyad, inter-

A "drunken" Abu Nidal, interviewed in Libya in 1980, confirmed that his Fatch-Revolutionary Council had carried out over 100 attacks and indicated a Syrian-sponsored attack on a U.S. target was imminent, says the author.

land, killing 270 people.

During his interviews, Yallop

for the Liberation of Palestine.

In the search for Carlos after stashed weapons was searched

Book says 'Carlos the Jackal' living in Syria

LONDON (AP) — The Venezuelan assassin nicknamed Carlos the Jackal is now a drug and gun dealer in Syria with the Alias Michel Assaf, says a book published Wednesday.

"To the Ends of the Earth" recounts the eight-year search by author David Yallop for the world's most wanted man.

Contrary to the international perception of Carlos as a "superterrorist," Yallop said informa-tion from nearly 500 people re-veals "a would-be revolutionary of gross incompetence" who often killed in panic.

"Carlos began as an irrele-vance to our fight, he remained one," Salah Khalaf (Abu lyad), a

taken hostage.

viewed in Tunis in 1987, Iraq was also behind the 1982 attempted murder of Israel's ambassador to Britain, Shlomo Argov, Yallop

Yallop said he told an agent for Britain's M16 foreign intelligence agency of the impending attack, "To my astonishment the M16 agent was far more interested in Abu Nidal's drinking and eating habits," he wrote.

A few weeks later, on Dec. 21 1988, a bomb tore apart Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie, Scot-

kept asking for help in finding Carlos, one of many aliases of Ilich Ramirez Sanchez, born in Venezuela on Oct. 12, 1949.

Carios burst onto the world stage on June 27, 1975 after he opened fire in a Paris apartment. killing two French intelligence agents, injuring a third, and murdering his boss, Michel Moukharbel, who headed Front

Previously, Carlos had botched a murder attempt on British Jew-ish leader Edward Sieff, bombed an Israeli bank in London and seized the French embassy in the Netherlands.

the 1975 triple murder in Paris, a London anartment where he and Frederick Forsyth's book The Day of the Jackal" was spotted by a reporter. It did not belong to Carlos, but "the Jackal" became synonymous with the

Yallop said if it had not been for the myth of the ice cold killer, Carlos "would have been shot by Wadi Haddad" in 1975 for deatroying his European network. But he said Haddad decided to

use him as propaganda for the Palestinian cause — and Sadding Hussein personally asked for Cialos to lead the attack on OPEC headquarters. Both Boock and a Paiestinian

identified only as Khalid, who was second in command to Carlos in the OPEC operation, are quoted as saying Iraq ordered the attack to try to boost oil prices. Iraq's hidden agenda was to kill Saudi Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki Yamani and Iranian Oil Minister Jamshid Amouzegar, but Khalid

is quoted as saying that Carlos accepted a \$10 million ransom for each life instead. "In my mind and in the minds of the other members of the commando, it was...obvious that

Carlos had sold out," Khalid was quoted as saying.

Boock, imprisoned in Germany for extremist attacks, said Haddad "was beside himself with

rage" and some wanted to kill Carlos. But Yallop said again Carlos was saved by the myth which grew with the OPEC Abu Iyad was quoted as saying

Carlos "carried out operations for nearly one dozen intelligence agencies," and "the CIA regard Carlos as an asset."

Boock said he knew "for a fact that Carlos had an agreement with the French secret service" which began in 1974 "that he would not be touched on French territory.

Yallop claims the Carlos myth was created by U.S., French and British intelligence which erroneously identified him as a Cuban and Russian-trained KGB agent so they could lay responsi-bility for terrorist activity on the

Israel backed the myth which supported their view that all supporters of Palestinians are "terrorists," he said.

Yallop said he thought he found Carlos in 1985 in Lebanon but the man turned out to be an imposter, sent by Syrian intelli-

He said he finally met the man he is convinced is Carlos in Damascus in October 1989. where he answered personnel questions about family and

Carlos lives with his wife, German revolutionary Magdalena Kopp, and their two children, posing as a Mexican businessman and working with Monzer Al Kasser whom intelligence agents describe as one of the world's leading drug dealers and arms merchants, Yallop said.

Last year, Carlos was sentenced to life imprisonment in France for the 1975 murders of the two French intelligence

Yallop said it is now time for the United States, Britain, France and other Western nations to demand Carlos' extradition from Syria.

The book published by Jonathan Cape costs £17.99 (\$26). A documentary on Yailop's search will be shown March 6. The book will be published in the United States later this year.

Sahnoun urges probe into U.N. 'inaction' Mr. Sahnoun said the U.N. in Somalia. ... If the Pakistan Charter gives the secretary genertroops had come one week or 10

U.N. envoy to Somalia called Tuesday for an investigation into the United Nations' failure to intervene in the war-torn country immediately after the ouster of dictator Mohammad Siad Barre in January 1991.

cial executions had been re-corded," Mr. Galindo Pohl wrote. "Of these, 164 may be "Somebody should be accountable," said Mohammad Sahnoun, attributed to political causes." At least 117 executions concerned drug traffickers, he said. The investigator had reports of cruel treatment of prisoners who refused to submit to prison authorities' demands or who "do

er to be the truth." "Common methods of physical torture reportedly include suspension for long periods in contorted positions, burning with cigarettes, and most frequently, severe and repeated beating with cables or other instruments on the back and the soles of the feet," the report said.

not confess what officials consid-

who resigned in October after being reprimanded by Secretary-General Boutros Ghali for openly criticising the U.N. relief operation as slow and inadequate.

"We knew there was a crisis. Unfortunately, there is no accountability in the United Nations," he told the House of Commons Foreign Affairs Committee, which is holding hearings on the operation of the United Nations.

"We should know why we did not respond so we do not repeat the mistakes," he said.

al the right to initiate action and ' he urged this role be strengthened so the United Nations can move quickly in emergencies.

The United Nations should

have intervened in Somalia in 1988 when Siad Barre was still in power and civil war broke out in the north, he said. But the Algerian diplomat said

the United Nations did not intervene until January 1992, a year after the government had collapsed and war and famine wracked the country.

Mr. Sahnoun arrived in Mogadishu in March 1992 and signed an agreement with the warlords in early August to allow 500 U.N. troops from Pakistan to guard relief shipments - but the troops did not arrive until early October.

"The delay was very critical," he said. "Things change quickly

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

days after the agreement was

signed, it would have made a big Speedy intervention by 500 U.N. troops, he said, "might have made the later intervention of 25,000 or 30,000 troops un-

necessary." Mr. Sahnoun noted that U.N. troops arrived in the Congo a week after deployment was authorised in 1961.

Mr. Sahnoun supported the U.S.-led military intervention in December to secure the country so relief agencies could distribute food and medicine to starving

"There was a failure on the part of the U.N." to stop the "almost genocide" of farmers in southern Somalia whose land had been turned into a battlefield, he

Former Egyptian foreign minister dies

Hassan Al Zayyat, a former fore-ign minister, died Wednesday, ing then United States, India and the state-owned Middle East Iran, and an international organism News Agency said. He was 78. tions. He was Egypt's chief dele-The agency said he died of gate to the United Nations from natural causes but it did not 1969 to 1972.

17:00

Mr. Zayyat began his career as a Cairo University lecturer in He first joined the cabinet as information minister in early 1972 1942 and got a doctorate in philosophy from Britain's Oxford University in 1947. He joined the until October 1973.

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Colomba New York, Amsterdam (RJ)

...... Abu Dhabi (RJ)
..... London, Berlin (RJ)
..... Tumis, Casablanca (RJ)

Athens, Larrace

..... Beinst (RJ)

CAIRO (AP) - Mohammad foreign service three years later,

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

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	Les MAgazerbes
18:15	L'ecole des fans
	News in French
	Azimuts
	News in Hebrew News in Arabic
	Uncle Buck
	Forever Green
22:20	_
Mount	of the week: "Alexander the Great"

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfleh Tcl. 810740 Assemblies of God Church. Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tcl. 637440.

De la Salle Church Tci. 661757

nte Cherch Tcl: 622366 623541. Anglican Church Tcl. 625383, Tcl. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman Interactional Church 827981, 685326. Evangelical Latheran Church Tci: 824328. The Church of Jesus Christ of Letter Day Saintz Tel. 823824 and 654932. Church of the Nazarese Tel. 675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of It will be partly cloudy and there will be a chance for scattered showers. Winds will be southeasterly moderate. In Aquiba, winds will be northerly

Aqaba . Deserts

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN:	
Dr. Khalil Al Jabali	740740
Dr. Hanna Mansour	742744
Dr. Raich Zeitoun	22222
Dr. Nidal Al Dahleh	827195
fires pharmacy	661917
PCTGOWS pharmacy	778336
Al Asema pharmacy	637055
Nairoukh pharmacy	673677
Al Salam pharmacy	63673D
Yасово разтнасу	644045
Shorcisani pharmacy	637640
Najib pharmacy	947637
IRBID;	
Dr. Mazen Sharairi	248056
Al Quds pharmacy	(1
F	• •

903644 **EMERGENCIES** Civil Defence Department

Rescue	
Civil Defence Emergency 199	
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777	
Fire Brigade 891228	
Blood Bank 775121	
Highway Police 843402	
Traffic Police 896390	
Public Security Department 630321	
Hotel Complaints 605800	
Price Complaints 661176	
BLAN A COMPANIE	
Maict and Scholage	
Water and Sewerage Complaints	
Araman Municipality Complaints787111	
Complaints 787111	
Telephone Information (directory assistance)	
(directory assistance)	
Oversteas Calls	
Central Amman Telephone	
Repairs	
Abdell Telephone Bearing 661101	
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101	
Jordan Television 773111	

774111 08-53200

HOSPITALS

AMMAN:
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/37
Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann 6442818
Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 6424417
Jabai Amman Maternity 642362
Malhas, J. America 636140
Palestine, Shancisani 664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital
I lainesite Manital 04754
University Hospital 84584
Al-Mussicr Hospital 667227/5
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Abii, Abdali 6641648
Italias, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/20
Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
Arnal Hospital 674153
ZARQA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323

Al Hikum Ma Priocest Rasma Hospital . (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibu Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 cess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Owner Alia International ment at the Ouces Alia Interns Tel. (08)53200-5, where it Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

nai 1)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Fligi (Terminal 1) **16:15** 11:05 . Larragea, Athers 28:30

Dubai, Muscat

Other Flights (Terminal

RUS	12:40 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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(RJ)	
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(מ	Carrot 210/ 180
-	Cartificator
	Cardiflower Cardina 70/ 30
	Cacanabers (large)
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	290 / 200
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RJ)	Grapefruit
ស	Lemon 200/150
	Grapefrait 200 / 600 100 150 1
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RJ)	Marrow (sepair) 750 / 508
RJ)	Mint 750 / 508
RJ)	Outon (dry) Outon (groce) 210 / 180
RU)	Otton (groce) 210 / 180
RÚ	Otion (gross)
	Pepper (hot)
<u>RJ</u>)	Penney (800 / 600 -
RJ)	Pepper (sweet)
Peri .	

250/ 170 150/ 60

other Flights (Terminal 2)

Statistics office to survey

living standards with help

from a Norwegian group



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Wednesday addresses a meeting of the Jordanian Hashe mile Charley Organisation (Petra photo)

Crown Prince urges officials to improve poor districts

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Wednesday urged Jordanian officials to continue to inspect the needs of poor families and underdeveloped districts in the Kingdom and seek to improve their conditions and solve their prob-

The Crown Prince had toured parts of Amman's poorest dis-tricts earlier this month, following an inspection tour of similar areas in the southern regions. He said he planned to resume such

Prince Hassan was speaking at a meeting of the Jordanian Hashemite Charity Organisation (JHCO) during which he listened to a general report about the ation's projects and plans presented by JHCO Secretary General Abdul Salam Al Abbadi.

The JHCO has been providing relief supplies to Muslim countries in Asia, Africa and Europe in cooperation with the private sector, especially pharmaceutical companies which provide most of the drugs.

It is important that the JHCO pursue all efforts to project Jordan's humanitarian image abroad, said the Prince affirming the need to unify the country's humanitarian efforts to achieve better results.

Prince Hassan said Jordan was seeking to strengthen its ries with nations holding common interests. He said it would be advis-able for the JHCO to coordinate its efforts with the Jordan Nation-

At the same time, the Prince urged the organisation to try to reach all the poor areas in Jordan and implement comprehensive developmental schemes that can provide a decent living for poor

The meeting was attended by JHCO board members, Chief of the Royal Court Khaled Al Karaki, Minister of Planning Ziad Fariz, President of the, Royal Scientific Society (RSS) Hani Al Mulki, the Commander of the Jordanian Royal Air Force, Secretary General of the Ministry of Awqaf Ahmad Helayel, the

Director of the RSS Strategic

Studies Centre and JNRCS Presi-

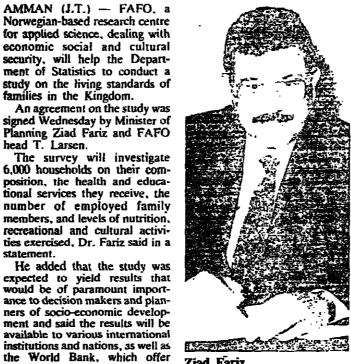
al Red Crescent Society (JNRCS).

According to Dr. Fariz, the results of the survey will be published in 22 months and will also be available to researchers and

The Norwegian centre normaloffers consultancy services to governments, the World Bank and the United Nations in addition to nations wishing to promote their socio-economic development, Earlier this month a FAFO

assistance to the Kingdom.

head T. Larsen.



Ziad Fariz

team visited Jordan and met with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

The team reviewed a working paper prepared by the Crown Prince on the concept of common security which advocates security not in terms of military or the absence of war, but rather ensuring economic, environmental health, humanitarian and cultural



Under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Majda Ra'ad, seen here planting one of many trees, members of the Jordanian Scandinavian Friendship Association and friends cele-brated Arbor Day in the Scandinavian Forest situated on a mountain over looking the Baqaa Camp. The Scandinavian Forest was inaugurated by Their Majesties King Carl XVI Gustaf and Queen Sofia of Sweden on September 20, 1989 on their official visit to Jordan as guest of Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor. The Baqaa Forestry Department extended all necessar assistance and supplied over 300 trees that were planted Wednes day (File photo)

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

King congratulates Estonia

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday sent a cable to Estonian President Arnold Runtel congratulating him in his name and on behalf of the Jordanian people and government on Estonia's national day. King Hussein wished Mr. Ruutel good health and happiness and the Estonian people further progress

Ministry demands valid work permits

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Labour Wednesday urged all employers and public and private sector institutions employing foreign workers to make sure that their foreign employees are carrying valid working permits. Labour Minister Abdul Karim A! Kabariti said that the Ministry is currently working seriously on sing the Jordanian labour market and the foreign workforce in Jordan. The ministry, he said, has stepped up its inspection opertions of the various institutions in its search for illegal

officials discuss education

MADABA (Petra) - Director of the Madaba Education Department Abdullah Al Lawama Wednesday met with educational supervisors and inspectors and discussed with them means to improve the educational level of students in the governorate. Mr. Lawama told the gathering that an ad hoc team of specialists was formed to visit schools in the district and study their educational problems.

Baiga health centres reach 53

AMMAN (Petra) - The Balqa Health Department has opened six new health centres in the governorate, bringing the number of health centres to 53, department director Samir Al Awamleh said Wednesday. He said of the total number of health centres, two are comprehensive, 19 primary, 14 secondary, 18 child and mother care centres, 10 dental clinics and seven laboratories. Dr. Awamleh said there were 192,966 citizens in the government carrying medical care cards entitling them to health care at these centres. The number constitutes 99 per cent of the governorate

JD1.3m to compensate Ailoun olive farmers

AJLOUN (Petra) — The Ajloun Chapter of the Agricultural Credit Corporation has allocated JD1.3 million to compensate farmers for losses they incurred as a result of the frost and snowstorms which caused damage to olive trees in the district.

JNRCS aids needy families

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordan National Red Crescent Society (JNRCS) Wednesday started distributing in-kind assistance to needy families in various parts of the country. The assistance includes clothes and food supplies, such as sugar, rice, flour and ghee. JNRCS President Mohammad Al Hadid Wednesday distributed clothes, presents and toys to students at Al Amal (hope) School for the Deaf in Al Quweismeh area. He also distributed food supplies and blankets to the boarding students.

VTC head, industrialists meet

AMMAN (Petra) - The director general of the Vocational Training Corporation (VTC) Wednesday met with owners of factories at the Amman industrial city and discussed with them the engineers training programme carried out by the VTC in cooperation with the Jordan Engineers Association. The VTC director reviewed the goals of the programme, saying it aims to bridge the gap between the new engineers capabilities and the needs of the industrial firms by providing the engineers with the needed experience. The meeting was attended by the director general of the Jordanian Industrial Estates Corporation.

Computer course ends

AMMAN (Petra) - A total of 20 trainees graduated Wednesday from a programming course held at the Royal Scientific Society's (RSS) Computer Technology, Training and Industrial Studies Centre. The five-month course aimed at enhancing the participants' knowledge of designing and programming information systems by the use of database.

Musical course for handicapped organised

AMMAN (Petra) - The National Music Conservatory of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation Tuesday started a muscial course for the physically handicapped. A total of 20 trainees from the Al Hussein Society for the Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped and the Al Mustakbai Club for the Physically Handicapped are participating in the programme.

Japan to continue assistance to Jordan

dent Mohammad Hadid.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Japan's Ambassador to Jordan Yuji Ikeda said his country, which has extended major financial and technical aid to Jordan, hopes to continue its assistance programme and will continue to grant soft loans and grants to help Jordan overcome the negative economic effects of the Gulf crisis.

In the wake of the Gulf war, Jordan signed an agreement in Tokyo whereby Japan will grant the Kingdom \$425 million in loans payable over 20 years with a 10-year grace period.

Paying tribute to Jordan's democratisation process, the ambassador said the Jordanian leadership has proved its determination to protect human rights and involve popular participation in Jordanian political life. Mr. Ikeda underlined the im-

portance of Jordan's role in the Mideast peace efforts at the bilateral and multilateral levels.

The ambassador, who spoke in an interview with the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said Japanese-Jordanian relations were very strong and continually witnessing progress in the economic and cultural fields.

He added that as Jordan abounds with tourist attractions, he hoped that concerned officials will direct their attention towards attracting Japanese tourist groups to visit the Kingdom, particularly he said, since the Japanese are among the world's most travelled people and are especially fond of archaeological and historical

(Continued from page 1)

led Mogadishu's grey skies,

streaked with orange flames of

car-type barricades set up by the

protesters and darkened fumes of

billowing smoke. Somali driver Abdi Aden Ibra-

him tried to drive to the U.S.

embassy but was blocked by hun-

dreds of angry Aideed supporters

trying to tear down the building.

He quoted Somalis there as

saying at least six people had

been gunned down by U.S.

said they saw six people being shot dead near the U.S. embassy

compounds. The people were

trying to storm the building." he

There was no independent confirmation of the reported deaths.

"We don't want the Americans

to leave," said Khalif Sheikh Mohammad, 30, standing next to

overturned merchants' stalls and

burning piles of debris. "We only

Other protesters, however, yel-

The unrest appeared isolated in

one area of the city, mothy along a

road leading from the traffic cir-

cle to the former U.S. embassy,

want them to make justice."

led "America out of Somalia."

"Most of the people I spoke to

Companies increased by 10% in 1992 — ministry He maintained that these com-

AMMAN (J.T.) — In 1992, the number of companies registered to conduct business in Jordan increased by 10 persent over 1991, according to Ministry of Industry and Trade Companies Department Director Saeed

A total of 4.556 companies with a confirmed declared capital of JD 162,624,459 were registered with the ministry in 1992, up from a total of 4,145 companies in the previous year.

Mr. Hiyasat said in a statement that of those companies 813 were industrial, 2,447 commerical, 19, agricultural, 177 contracting and 1,100 were service companies.

In 1992, the Ministry of Industry and Trade registered an additional 84 non-Jordanian companies of which 26 were Arab. 15 American, nine European and 34 from several other countries, Mr. Hiyasat said. U.S. Marines kill 9 rioting Somalis

November that Jordan was ready to respond favourably to investors wishing to establish businesses in the Kingdom.

Siad Barre. where coalition troops are based. Gunfire rattled throughout the day near the traffic circle as soldiers fired in the air to disperse mobs that would regroup and

charge again.

Demonstrators broke into the Egyptian embassy at one point and carried out looted items. Troops later drove them out and regained control of the com-

Cynthia Osterman of Care said in Nairobi she heard by satellite telephone that four U.S. vehicles were burned but no-one was iniured. She said the fighting halted virtually all relief work in Moga-

The violence dissipated in the afternoon, but sporadic gunfire still punctuated the air. The rioting underlined continuing political and security

problems facing the allies. The protest began late Tuesday night after Gen. Aideed delivered an angry radio address accusing U.S.-led forces of allowing his ally, Colonel Omar Jess, to be driven out of Kismayu by forces loyal to Mohammad Said

Hirsi, known as Gen. Morgan. At least 11 people were killed and Jess followers expelled from the city they have controlled since and urging calm.

rebels of dictator Mohammad Lieutenant-General Robert Johnston, commander of U.S.

shortly after the 1991 ouster by

panies were attracted by the

numerous privileges and exemp-

tions granted to foreign com-

He added that eight of these

companies were non-Jordanian

firms which pledged to carry out

vital development projects for the country. Mr. Hiyasat said the

eight firms are from the Czech

Republic, France, Belgium,

Libya, South Korea, Poland,

Germany and the United King-

Seven of these foreign com-

panies are public shareholding

enterprises and have announced their shares on the Amman

Financial Market, Minister of Industry and Trade

Abdullah Ensour said last

panies investing in Jordan.

forces in Somalia, Tuesday tried to placate Gen. Aideed by ordering Gen. Morgan's militia to pull out of Kismavu by midnight on Thursday. But this did not appear to have any effect on the protes-

Gen. Aideed made no mention of the ultimatum given to Gen. Morgan.

"You have to defend your freedom, your bonour, and don't allow yourselves to be under colonialism," he said to conclude his 15-minute message.

Gen. Aideed demanded that Gen. Morgan's forces pull out of Kismayu and that U.S.-led forces arrest Gen. Morgan.

He also called for unspecified neutral troops to replace the American and Belgian forces in Kismayu, and he asked the U.N. Security Council to send a factfinding delegation to the port

There was no immediate response from the U.S.-led forces known as UNITAF, but helicopters dropped leaflets printed in red and blue telling Somalis of the ultimatum to Gen. Morgan

Government pricing policy comes under heavy fire by Lower House members Deputies demand Parliament O.K. of hikes

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The government Wednesday came under strong criticism over its pricing policy from members of the Lower House of Parliament who demanded that no extra price hikes be implemented without Parliament's approval.

'We demand that the government honour its constitutional commitment by refraining from raising prices except with the approval of Parliament and take measures to prevent any increases in the prices of food supplies," said Deputy Abdul Hafiz Allawi.

Deputy Allawi, who spoke on behalf of the Muslim Brotherhood bloc, demanded that the government instruct the Department of Statistics to conduct a realistic and objective survey on prices of various goods and comnodities compared with the individual income of various sectors of the Jordanian public in order to reveal the great disparities in income and the horrible situation of the poor.

"The Muslim Brotherhood also demands an overhauling of the country's taxation system and that a national conference be held to endorse a new policy in light of the present economic situation and the living standards of people," said Mr. Allawi. The Muslim Brotherhood bloc.

he said, does not approve of the government's recent hikes on the price of bread and demands that no further hikes be made on any

Referring to various other items that have witnessed unchecked hikes, Deputy Allawi said the government failed to deal with the sky-rocketing prices of clothes, auto spare parts, drugs,

With the continuous rise in the cost of living, one can see that vages and salaries have been

over eroded by at least 50 per-cent, the deputy maintained. He said prices of services and certain commodities rose recently by 100 to 130 per cent.

Mr. Allawi said also that the government ought to resort to barter trading with other Arab countries.

The government's pricing poliwas also under fire by deputies Husni Shiab, Issa Raimouni, Nader Thuheirat, Ahmad Abha-di, Hisham Sharari and Abdul Munem Abu Zant.

They all demanded that the government stem price hikes which they said were burdening

the Jordanian public. The deputies demanded that prices "be linked to those elements that determine them, like

taxes and income. Deputy Bassam Haddadin. no spoke on behalf of deputies Fakhri Kawar, Issa Mdanat. Mansour Murad. Theeb Marji and Abdul Karim Al Dughmi. criticised a statement, delivered to the House by Minister of Supp-ly Mohammad Saqqaf on Feb. 17.

over the pricing policy.

He said the minister discussed prices, but failed to link them to the government's economic, financial and monetary policies.

"The minister's statement to Parliament has ignored the hikes in prices of numerous foodstuffs and failed to mention increases in the prices of oil products, cement and charges on telephone calls. said Deputy Haddadin.
Mr. Haddadin concluded by

accusing the government of trying to impose more burdens on the poor sectors of the public in the course of the "notorious" economic restructuring programme.

In reply to these accusations, the Minister of Supply expressed astonishment at hearing demands for reducing food prices at a time when the deputies realise that it was they who had decided that the government reduce the subsidies on foodstuffs from JD 42

million in 1992 to JD 36 million

Mr. Saggat said the ministry subsidises bread, sugar, rice and milk and continues to fix the prices of 36 other commodities. leaving the prices of other items in the market to be determined by the forces of supply and demand.

The government has been encouraging farmers to grow cereals and has been purchasing locally produced wheat, barley and maize at prices far higher they those on the world market, said

the minister. Mr. Suggal said the government continues its policy of sub-sidising animal feed to boost livestock farming and allows farmers to export red meat but at the same time it charges JD3.5 on each head of exported sheep in order to regain the amount of

subsidy on animal feed. Referring to the increases in the price of bread, the minister said the government had to resort to this measure because of the lack of any controls to ensure the sale of subsidised bread to those who are really in need of the

subsidy. Earlier the House heard . speech from Deputy Mohammad Alawneh who outlined a method that depends wholly on farming, which he claimed would help Jordan attain self-sufficiency in

He said unemployment would be solved if the government offered each needy household up to JD3,000 to produce food which would cost the government JD150 million in loans.

Mr. Alawneh said the government could end poverty by distributing the JD34 million, which it has allocated for subsidies, to 7.500 needy families at the rate of JD1.200 annually and must impose the Zakat Fund on all Muslims to collect up to JD300 million with which it can finance various projects.



Ministry announces JD 20 health management project to finish by the year 2000

announced its approval of a JD 20 million health management project to be completed in five stages by the year 2000.

The World Bank will offer Jordan a \$20 million loan payable over 120 years, with a five-year grace period to help it carry out this vital project, according to Ministry of Planning Secretary General Safwan Touqan.

Dr. Touqan said the Jordanian government will contribute ID 5 million to the project, and other nations and organisations will provide JD 1 million worth of technical assistance.

He said that in the first stage the focus will be on raising the level of primary health care services. He explained that doctors and nurses employed at health centres will receive training in family medicine and mother and

those in the financial and compater sections, will also receive training. The first stage, according to

Dr. Tougan, also entails choosing one Jordanian hospitals to serve as the pioneer in the application of a decentralised system, which would be generalised later on. Al Hussein Hospital in Salt was selected for the experiment.

Dr. Touqan said the second stage involves establishing an annex to the Princess Basma Hospital in Irbid and providing it with new equipment; and planning a framework to develop Al Bashir Hospital with a view to improving its emergency services

Similar improvements will be introduced to five other hospitals in Jordan.

The plan aiso provides for the

AMMAN (Petra) — The Council child health care. He added that creation of two regional centres of Ministers Wednesday other hospital staff including for maintainance of medical and as well as training the technicians who would carry out

Dr. Tougan said stage three aims to reorganise the Ministry of Health to improve planning and management. He said under the plan the Kingdom will be divided into three zones to facilitate work.

The fourth stage of the health management project envisages studies on developing sources of revenue to reduce dependence on the Government's annual budget and the treasury. Dr. Touqun explained.

In conclusion, he said the fifth stage will involve conducting two studies; one on diseases and the other on the prospect of implementing a national health ser-

what's going on

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

☆ Exhibition of paintings by four Arab artists from the United States - Ghada Jamai, Helen Khal, Suha Noursi and Afaf Zurayk - at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation Callery in Jabal Amman, between the First and Second

Circles (10 a.m.- 4 p.m.)

Exhibition of oil paintings by iraqi artist Mohammad Fakher at Baladna Art Gallery. ★ Exhibition of paintings by Iraqi artists Mohammad Fradi and Jaber Mejbel at Alia Art

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Wissing tribunal is found

THE U.N. Security Council's decision Monday to armblish an international tribunal on war crimes is an important development in the quest for more advanced riandards on human rights, and as such it can only be

It is true that the initiative was taken only in the allermote of the war crimes and crimes against humanity that were committed in former Yugoslavia, especially those committed by Serbian forces against Desnian Muslims and Croats, and that in concept it is modelled around the Nurenberg precedent, establisted at the end of World War II to try Nazi war eriminals. But unlike the Nurenberg Tribunal that was established by the victors in that war, the just-created body is international in nature, as it is founded by the cornity of nations to apprehend and punish perpetrators of humanitarian law violations throughout the world, and its purview and jurisdiction will extend to the far reaches of the globe where untold number of atrockias still occur.

The infrastructure of the new international institution has yet to be crected and its composition formed. Freeneably, however, it will be manned by eminent interpolional jurists who are truly independent and accessatable only to international law. The selection of the men and women who will serve on its bench must be meet carefully undertaken, whether by election or appointment.

What remains to be done is the elucidation of the shoughts of the members of the Security Council on have to enforce the findings and judgments of the court. Since the povel institution is a feature of the Security Council, it would seem right to anticipate the council's own in Ivement in the implementation precedere of its verdicts. Should this turn out to be the case, the new system for trying war criminals would indeed offer realistic hope for ending the phenomenon al crimes against humanity and war crimes anywhere is the world.

The world scene is full of cases pertaining to gennoide and atrocities and up to this point in time there has not been an effective machinery to address this problem. Now the international community has reactly what it always needed to end the misery and the epidemic of flouting humanitarian law.

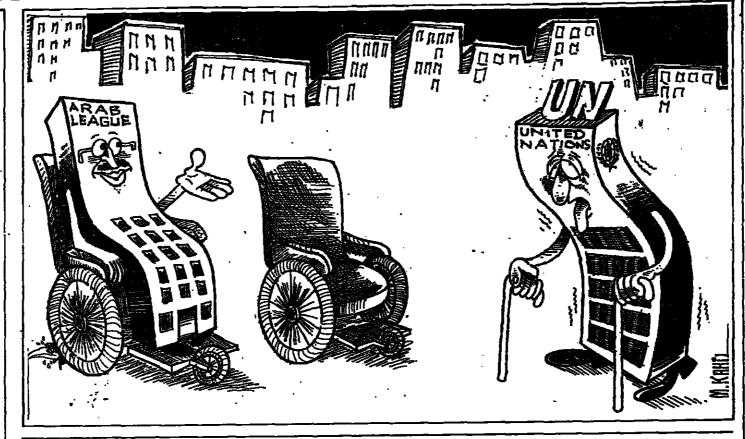
There remains an additional challenge before the new international body that has to be discussed and met. Without the benefit of precise data, the prosecution of any person charged with war crimes would not withstand the scrutiny of the law. The documentation of all pertinent cases should not be too hard, however, sirem the determination of the international community to seed a clear message to hold each and every war arisminal responsible for their acts. Since the statute of Intibation does not apply to such category of grave violations, it should not be too difficult to apprehend and bring to justice all war criminals no matter how o'd forir crimes are.

APLABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

THE U.S. secretary of state, Warren Christopher, has pledged that Washington will have the role of full partner in the will be far bigger than that peace-maining given by Washington under wash administration, noted Al Ra'i Arribic daily Wednesday. These promises were of course welcomed by the Arab parties which yearn for a just and durable peace in the wiiddle East, it said. However, added the paper, these nice words can mean nothing if the United States does not take active part in helping the two sides reach peace, adopting a unified criteria in dealing with all matters related to various issues, the paper said. The paper said that the United States should be even-handed in its dealings with the Arabs and the ismetis so that it can be clinible for the role of full partner and not empeli resolut ins as it did with

Resolution 769, demanded the paper. The United States could, if it wanted, play an unbiased role and could help achieve peace if the will were there and if it chose to remove all obstacles in the path of a just and durable peace, said the paper. It said that the Arabs welcomed any positive American role and hoped that the European Community would also play an active part in the peace process and in the implementation of U.N. resolutions 242 and 353, so that genuine peace can be established.

1 17t Al Sheab daily said what the Clinton administration has been saying and doing contributes to encouraging Israel to remain adament and pursue its atrocities against the Palestinians. The raper said that the U.S. administration has encouraged the Rabin government to circumvent U.N. Security Council Resolution 799 and encouraging Israel to refuse to return the expellees. The paper also said that this is the true stand and attitude of the United States which is hostile to the Arab parties in general and the Palestinians in particular. The paper said that the Arab senders who announced that the Clinton administration intends to play the role of full partner in the peace process must have their reasons, as they received new pledges, but there is nothing on the ground to corroborate the U.S. claim, said the daily. On the contrary, Washington's stand vis-a-vis Resolution 799 was identicat to that of Israel, the paper added. It also said that each of the Analy parties has its own idea about the peace process and adopts different attitudes towards the expellees' question. This situation, and the continued U.S.-Israeli pressures on the Arabs, said the paper, can only lead to the fragmentation of the Arab stand and a weakening of the Arab cause.



Russian troops again fighting in Central Asian mountains

By David Ljunggren Reuter

ROMIT GORGE, Tajikistan -More than a decade after the start of the bloody and eventually disastrous Afghan war. Russian troops are again fighting in the mountains of Central Asia.

The 201st Motorised Division, based in the capital Dushanbe, is helping the authorities in the for-mer Soviet Republic of Tajikistan crush resistance from Islamic re-bels who briefly held power last

Thousands of people were killed in a year of often merciless fighting before the defeated opposition retreated high into the forbidding Pamir Mountains to wage a guerrilla war.

Estimates of their numbers vary wildly from a few hundred to well over 1,000.

There may not be very many of them, but my God, they really know how to fight," said Viktor, a Russian officer.

The 201st officially helps Tajik

Interior Ministry forces and fighters from the powerful Popular Front only when the Russianspeaking population of the small republic is in danger.

But in private, Russian officers say their troops are doing much of the serious fighting and complain bitterly about what they say is the inefficiency of the local

troops and irregulars.
Lieutenant Colonel Grigory
Dyomin, head of the division's tank battalion, said he was confident Tajik forces would crush the rebels once spring arrived. He dismissed the possibility of the mostly from the Popular Front.

campaign turning into a second Afghanistan.

Soviet troops marched into Afghanistan in December 1979 to help prop up the communist government against Muslim rebels but quickly found themselves bogged down in a frustrating par-tisan war. More than 13,000 died before the army finally withdrew.

The Tajik fighting is depress-ingly familiar to Afghan veterans the enemy is born and bred in the art of mountain warfare and snipers seem to lurk behind every

The snipers pop up from their hide-outs, loose off a couple of shots and disappear again. It can take up to 300 artillery shells to kill each one," sighed one officer. Added a military expert: There are an awful lot of great hiding places in the Pamirs. This one will run and run."

Col. Dyomin's armoured bulldozers are often at work, clearing away rockfalls set off by the rebels and repairing destroyed roads and bridges while under grenade and machinegun fire.

The fighting is now mainly confined to three mountainous areas north-east of Dushanbe, including the Romit Gorge, a mere 45 kilometres from the capital.

"Mountain fighting is the hardest kind of war," said the commander of the official Tajik forces' forward base in Romit. "We do not reveal our names. You can call me - the deputy commander for fresh air in the Romit Gorge'," he smiled grimly. His men are Tajik irregulars.

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Amman-Jordan

They are stationed in a mountain village nestling in the gorge, about 700 metres wide at this point. Snow-covered mountains loom above on both sides. Tanks, armoured cars and artillery pieces sit marponed in snowy mud.

At night the temperatures can plunge to minus 20 centigrade. Last week a detachment of 10 men took a wrong turn in one remote pass and froze to death. Few are under any illusions

they are fighting to the end.

"Those people are not going to give in — they are fanatics. We will crush them to the last man, but we do not want innocent people to die," said the deputy

Diplomats and officers describe the war as one of the dirtiest they have ever seen, with both sides committing abuses. Russian Defence Minister Pavel Grachev said earlier this month that the stories of atrocities outdid anything he had experienced during his service in Afghanistan.

"People slitting open the stomach of a pregnant woman and tearing the foetus apart with their bare hands, things like that," said Col. Dyomin.

"I served in Afghanistan for two years and never saw things like this," said a Popular Front intelligence officer in Romit. "They cut off noses and ears, gouge out the eyes and stuff

private parts into the corpses' mouths. The deputy commander, flinching instinctively as one of his snipers fired at something suspi-cious in the mountains, added:

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"On one occasion a group of rebels was crouched behind some sort of shield we couldn't make out. "When we got closer we realised they'd strung the corpses of our boys together on boards and were crouching behind them, figuring we wouldn't be able to

Col. Dyomin takes a pragmatic attitude and attacks Moscow liberals who have condemned the

war as inhuman.

"People a long way away are judging Central Asia. They say human rights are being violated, but let them be violated. You can't win a war and keep your hands clean."

The men fling their Kalash-nikov assault rifles into the melting snow before kneeling down to

There are Muslims on both sides, but they are fanatics. We want to put them on the right said the deputy comcath." mander.

The men say they could easily crush the rebels but are holding back because they do not want civilians to suffer. In Dushanbe, Russian officers

laugh at such talk.
"We're doing most of the fighting, of course. Once a week

get into our tanks and push the frontline forwards perhaps 100 or 200 metres," said Georgy, a major.
"The Tajiks are supposed to be

the footsoldiers but they're hopeless. The last time we advanced I got a frantic call on my headset: 'Georgy, come back, come back, those useless bastards have disappeared again'."

LETTERS

Political morality vs. political realism

To the Editor:

AMBASSADOR Adnan Abn Odeh's briefing to a group of journalists and political analysts, as described in the Jordan Times. (Tuesday Feb. 23, 1993) was, to say the least, diplomatically stimulating, politically controversial, philosophically ambiguous, and morally patriotic. Mr. Abu Odeh walked on a tight rope balancing his heart and mind over a minefield of important instes, and safely reached the other side of his constructive ambiguities. Only sophisticated and brilliant diplomats like Mr. Aba Odeh can execute such a controversial political feat.

Aba Odeh can odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh dalam to prefer one or the other, Mr. Aba Odeh can other the other than the ot

Odeh declared that after 41 years as an observer, he came up with: "one main conclusion about the Arab World — it continues to rationalise and think in terms of what is fair and judicially correct, instead of what is strategic and economically beneficial."

Had Mr. Abu Odeh used the terms "justice and legal" on the one hand, and the terms "posses solities and stategic includes" on the hand, and the terms "power politics and material values" on the other, the choice would have been transformed to a conflict between political morality and immorality. Thus the expulsion of 400 Palestinians by the barbaric action of the Israelis is, to any free man, not a question of being unfair and unjudicial, but a question of being inhuman, illegal, illegitimate and politically immoral. Needless to say that the Arabs could not be blamed for thinking of it in that light, and consequently to consider it to be

Thus any Arab strategy as a reaction to the expulsion must be based on the legal and moral ments of the case, to save the victims of the cruel expulsion, rather than on the strategic and material value of the surrender to the power politics of the criminals whose actions and those of their supporters cannot be morally, legally,

or politically justified.

This writer thinks it unfair of Mr. Abu Odeh to put the blame solely on the Arabs for the state of conflict, factionalism and apathy which they suffer today. Yes, it is some Arab leaders who are "the only ones to blame" amongst the Arabs "for this state of affairs" but the United Nations, particularly the United States, and other permanent members of the Security Council, and the G-7 (industrial nations) states are equal partners in the blame for the misery, poverty, violence and some of the barbaric actions in the world today.

Let all the ambassadors to the United Nations, before prescribing blame to the Arabs, think of themselves as an Iraqi father whose son is dying because the United States does not allow him to have the medicine he needs. Let them think that they are a Palestinian mother in the West Bank, Jerusalem and Gazantheze and the states of whose son of 12 years has just been shot dead by an israeli soldier armed with an American rifle, before suggesting what strategic or economic benefit they wish to suggest.

Military and economic power is not, and can never be, most power. Justice, humanity, and political morality, for however long it will take, will finally win. That is the path of nature, it is the path of God. That or else the world will continue to be controlled by the politics and the material values of the Stone Age, instead of the mercy and caring kindness of Christ and Mohammad; by the savagery and greed of Zionism, the G-7 and the Security Council, instead of God's laws in Christianity and

However, I have the greatest respect for most of Mr. Aber Odeh's ideas and thoughts, some of which are his own, others are those of the ambassador to the United Nations, and although the always difficult to separate one from the other, I pray that though with which I disagree are his own personal views, and not the policy of the government of Jordan. It will help us all if he contember a distinction. Welcome to the home of democracy Abst. All

Ma'an Abu Nowar,

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for the publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon the preferably address as well. request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused.

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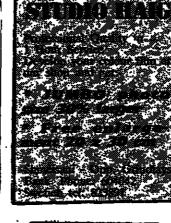
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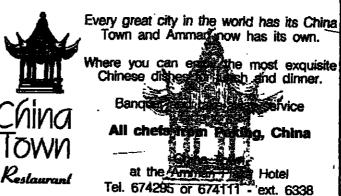
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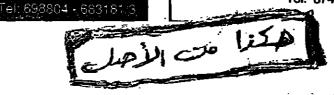
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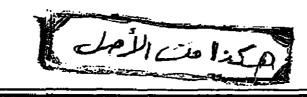
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Published Every Thursday

raqi artists immortalise world's infinite aspects

By Ica Wahbeh ian Times Staff Reporter

IMAN - By the look of gs in the artistic arena of Kingdom's capital, it is season of the Iraqi school ut. And after seeing the ks of painters Mohamd Fradi and Jabbar Me-t, one feels the spell would e been unjustly repreted without their con-

ontion be two naturalistic painimmortalise the world in infinite aspects with a forth and love that proves te than a meticulous tch for detail, revealing a p attachment to one's naland and a desire for munion with nature.

Mr. Fradi's water-colours ernate rural and urban dscape. The countryside is vesented in all seasons: bues skillfully transforma sun-drenched strip of id into a snowy hill slope. The wintry greyish-blue i the brilliant snow are so I you actually feel cold or ve the urge to get on skis L whiz down the slope. Equally life-like is the shaw thrown by the tall, slenstraight-trunked trees ing the sandy road under scorching summer sun. The desolate, barren.

ached ochre desert camp.

with tents and bedouins mounted on camels, contrasts with the lush green vegeta-tion of the fertile valleys

Contrast is also there when viewing human life. Not in the pace of living, as peasants and townsfolk seem to go about their daily life in a slow rhythm, but in colour and representation

The narrow town streets, with hanging, glassed-in balconies supported by plain wooden bars or more elaborately-adorned concrete cornices, are mostly greyish-blue or off-white, with only an occasional colourful door or window giving life to the monotonous town lane.

ART REVIEW

The streets are so narrow the houses almost meet and the sky is barely visible. And as if to escape the oppression of town life, the settlements in the countryside occupy only a fraction of

the canvas, giving way to the expanse of rich vegetation. Modern and traditional also contrast in the people's attire. In the town streets western garb mingles with chadors, free-flowing hair

with veiled faces. Mr. Mejbel's works, water-



water-colour painting by the Iraqi artist

colours and oils, demonstrate a fascination with nature. which he prefers to experience first-hand: "All my nawhere water abounds. ture paintings are done on the spot. I take my paints, canvases and easel and paint

other that painting it is easy and a real pleasure. What catches the eye is the woman toiling, present in all aspects of life's undertakings. "The woman in Iraq does everything. She cooks. bakes, farms, reaps crops, looks after the babies, fishes, looks after her family."

in the middle of nature."

Water seems to be a

favourite of the artist, but so

all is the autumn he so often

depicts as "its colours are so

So the surprise to see women in boats, propelling them with long poles over the not so deep water in search of fish will subside once the artist explains their status.

Leaving their mud or reed houses with thatched roofs in the early morning hours, the fishermen (women) are caught in different instances. gliding over the mirror of the water surface.

"Water enhances the beauty of nature by reflecting it," said the artist, speaking with fond memories of Dohuk, of the "aghwar" of south Iraq, and the rivers of his country.

An Irbid Rock is the painting that, besides paying tri-bute to the host country, somehow makes the passage from the precarious water medium to the more solid terra firma of towns and countryside.

Nature teems with trees, bushes and cereal crops, and the colours pass through all the possible tints of the palette. From dark, olive-green and dark brick, to pale. straw-yellow and sky-blue, Mr. Mejbel seems to have no difficulty mixing his colours.

The palm trees, revered by the artist ("Iraq is the country of 32 million palm trees. Everything from the tree is used for different purposes"), are present in almost every canvas. Clustered or lonely, they are part of the background of the actual centrepiece of the works.

The trees, as in Mr. Fradi's water-colours, are sensibly aligned on the sides of roads and paths to keep the weary traveller in their shadow on simmering summer days.

The shadow, startlingly, acquires a bluish hue in the artist's representation to "both reflect the sky above



Two paintings by Jaber Mejbel on display at Alia Art Gallery



and to keep cool by means of a cold colour like blue."

Peasants farming in Rashidiah under the burnt colours of autumn are the last in the series of nature water-colours. The oils mostly duplicate the artist's favourite themes. So the palm trees are also nainted in oil. as is Oadhemiah, a town dear to the

An interesting architectural study, one Qadhemiah quarter provides a close look to a vaulted, narrow street with an open sewer in its middle.

The morose, greyish walls of the houses are given some life and joyousness by the bright colours of the doors and windows.

'The area is grey, humid and depressing, so to change the mood and bring some colour, I used these bright spots," the artist said for explanation, adding that actually, most of the inhabitants of the town did paint them like that for the same

Another urban scene is that of a bustling popular souq in Baghdad, with veiled women and aba-clothed men bargaining for goods and watching the sheltered fruit

The oils, bigger in size than the water-colours, are less colourful, with olive green, grey and taupe predominating.

The landscape is a replica of the water-colour boats, waterways, palm leaf-roofed mud houses surrounded by reed fences or towns. What draws the attention is the always paired human presence. Never alone, Mr. Mejbel's people seem to express the desire for companionship and communication, the only way one would survive in the immensity of our planet.

The exhibition, currently being held at the Alia Art Gallery, will continue through Feb. 28.

against Franglais France sharpens sword

🚙 Y Christopher Burns The Associated Press

RIS — The official defenrs of French, ceremonial ords ready, have cracked ां। first new dictionary ce 1935 open to "blue-. _in," "best seller," "cover I" and a few dozen other relish words.

But while the 40 "immorof the Academie Franse were admitting that dful of aliens into the lexn. the government took ps to hait the creep of nglais into science and

Officials are drafting a new v aimed at businesses and vernment-financed conferces that do not use French. ### could be another losing tle. An existing statute h similar aims is seldom Sorced. Companies such as y atel, the communications ्रवर. hold international

rings in English and the ed Pasteur Institute pub-S medical reviews in that mage.

December, government-ged France Telecom unthat drops the accents in 😕 zi a new English-style aternational company. pean unity and officials t the increasing domi-

nent. Their language-policing efforts remind some of big brother, but the French generally have been tolerant of government intervention in society.

The Ácademic Française, whose members include playwright Eugene Ionesco, philosopher Claude Levi-Strauss and oceanographer Jacques Cousteau, released the first of three volumes of its new "dictionnaire" in November.

Among the other English words in the first postwar edition are "blackout," "dead-heat." "diode" and 'derrick." They are among 5,900 new words in a volume with 16.500 entries.

"We are a kind of tribunal," said Maurice Druon, the elegant, outspoken permanent secretary of the academy. "We baptize new words.

"It's not censoring; it's a confirmation of good usage." the author and former statesman said in his classically decorated office overlooking the Seine. "We give a sense of sm.

A marble bas-relief of Cardinal Richelieu, founder of the 357-year-old institution, watches over the foyer.

Mr. Druon said the academy hopes to publish the second volume of the ninth edition in 1995 and the final of English on the conti-one at the turn of the century. An academy panel sometimes spends weeks on a single word.

The "immortals" are far behind two French linguists who found in 1981 that 2,600 English and American words were used in France. Other leading dictionaries carry several times as many English entries as the academy's. "Compact disc," "drive-in" and "bebop" did not

make it with the academy. but are in the widely used Petit Robert Dictionary. Jean-Claude Milner, linguistics professor at the Sorbonne, said of the academy

dictionary: "No one opens it or uses it. It's not in my office or even in our library. But the academy's new

dictionary is a sign that society is more open" to English words, he added. "It is a witness to how society sees its language.' Even editors who approve

more English words cite the need to provide French alternatives to popular English expressions. Some new French compu-

ter and sports terms have replaced the English versions — for example, "Logiciel" for "software" and "jeu decisif" for "tie-breaker."

"But you can't tell someone they've been wrong all along in using an Englishsaid Claude Kannas,

editor of the Larousse Dictionaries. "We give them a choice. A language that lives, moves.

Alain Rey, editor of the Robert Dictionaries, said English is only the latest influence.

"In the 16th century, French was invaded by Italian for 30 or 40 years," he said. "A language can't live closed, or it becomes a dead

language. It was after that long ling-ய்stic raid that Cardinal Richelieu, finance minister and most powerful person in France after Louis XIV. founded the Academie Francaise in 1635. Its first dictionary appeared in 1694.

In 1970, the government openly declared war on Franglais and Premier Jacques Chaban-Delmas created a commission on terminology. With the academy's help, draws up a blacklist of English words every year and provides French equivalents that must be used in official

documents. The current law against using English in business was passed in 1975, but enforcement has been lax and punishment nominal.

TWA was fined \$500 for issuing boarding passes in English, for example, and distributing English-only programmes for the American musical comedy Bubbling Brown Sugar cost the National Theatre of Paris

As part of a television advertising campaign, a suave Frenchman invites his date for "un drink" in "mon living." After she slugs him, he repeates the invitation "en bon Français" and she melts.

In 1986, France organised its first "Francophone summit" of the 46 countries where French is spoken regularly. It spends billions of dollars to promote the language abroad through schools and cultural activi-

But inroads at home caused 800 prominent people to sound an alarm in November, urging the government to do something about "the future of French.

"For some years, some decision-makers have been bent on renouncing French as their own language and speaking English, or rather American," the petitioners said in an advertisement published in the respected newspaper Le Monde. They included industrialists, writers and performers.

In December, the government held a conference on how to change the rules on enforcing French usage.

Officials were secretive about details of the proposed

law, but said it would extend coverage to audio-visual products. advertisements and scientific fields.

It would require that government-financed conferences include French, said Jackv Simon, a technical counsel for the government. "Young French scientists don't think in French any more," he said.

Artistic products such as recorded music would not be required to include translations, however, and Mr. Simon said the myriad English-language storefront windows in Paris can stay as they are.

Penalties would be strengthened and certain products that do not include French text might be seized, he said. 'We don't plan to cut off

any heads," said an aide to Catherine Tasca, secretary of state for Francophone countries and foreign cultural relations. "The spirit of the law is not to be a policeman. There must be a massive linguistic raising of consciousness."

The aide, who spoke on condition of anonymity. denied the new law's purpose is to slow the spread of English in the European Community.

"It is not a worry, but more a wish, that Europe be more multilingual," he said. "Unity doesn't mean homogeneity.

Di<u>ary</u>

THE COST OF PEACE: Finance Minister Basii Jardaneh earlier this week revealed that Middle East peace negotiations have cost the Jordanian government close to JD 3 million. According to the minister's report, which came in the form of a reply to a question by a member of the Lower House of Parliament, bilateral talks which started in Oct. 1989 cost the budget JD 2,491,919; while multilaterals. which started several months later, cost JD 214,894. Observers believe that although the price may appear exorbitant, it certainly is not a result of overspending on PR (public relations) work or on gourmet eating by our delegations. On the first score, you need only look at the Jordanian Press Office which operates from a single room at Washington's Willard Hotel where the Jordanian team to the bilaterals stayed and compare it to the press operations of the other delegations to see just what we mean by thrifty PR spending. Even the Palestinian team has a larger media operation than ours and theirs hardly compares with the Israelis who operate out of a conference room in their hotel that has tens of telephone lines and all kinds of other communication equipment. As far as the other necessity -- food -- goes ... well, the delegation is not exactly happy about the pick of the crop since they all eat in the same room, almost the same food, everyday. This leaves us to conclude that the bulk of the expenditure mainly goes to transport and to paying the cost of hotel rooms (reduced rates by the Willard but more importantly perhaps to per diems which members of the delegation get for staying away from their families and homes for pretty long periods of time. "Those who think the per diems are big enough an incentive for us to stay away from home can come here and replace me at least." said a member of the delegation. "I'd rather spend my time talking with my wife and children than negotiating with the Israelis ...anytime …ever."

* * * * *

PRESS SANDWICHES: Editors-in-chief should be aware of what they print or write even in the era of democracy. Dr. Musa Keilani, who is the responsible editor to Al Dustour Arabic daily, was the target of some heavy basining by readers who were flabbergasted by an interpretation he made earlier this month of a poll conducted by a Yarmouk University professor. The poll dealt with Jordanians' opinions on the peace process and other related issues. About 54 per cent of those interviewed said they did not favour any form of unity between Jordan and a liberated West Bank and Gaza. Mr. Keilani had picked on this point by making the "we do not want Palestinians" hit the controversial theme of his article on the subject. Those "Palestinians", or their "supporters", soon afterwards converged on a lecture by the professor who conducted the study and used the opportunity to give Mr. Keilani a taste of his own medicine. One of them urged the professor to take Dr. Keilani to court and demanded that he be removed from his post as editor, a suggestion which attracted not only applause from the audience but also attention from the owners of his own newspaper. Until two days ago it was a touch and go situation on whether Mr. Keilani would stay with the Al Dustour, but not really over his piece on the Palestinians. Today the news has it that he is staying, even though there is no word yet on if and now all the outstanding issues between him and the owners have been tackled.

WHERE DOES THE BUCK STOP?: A controversial report about freemasonry in Jordan is holding up the release into the Jordanian market of Al Ahali weekly, which, being an off-shore publication. needs the censors' approval before being allowed in. Apparently. the officials at the Ministry of Information are facing a dilemma. None of them wants to jeopardise their status by assuming the responsibility for approving or rejecting the entry of the weekly with the controversial report, which was written by a young enthusiastic reporter who spent several weeks researching it. specifically after the Lower House of Parliament voted to ban freemasonry in Jordan. As the Diary understood it, the head of the department in charge passed the buck to his superior who in turn passed it to higher authorities in view of some of the sensitive terms used in the article. But the higher authorities threw the ball back into the Ministry of Information's court saving it had nothing to do with the freedom of press or censorship. Now nobody wants to touch the issue with a forty-foot pole, but there cannot be any escape for anyone since the Press and Publications Department is duty bound to make a ruling. And whichever way it goes, it can't avoid trouble.

LOVE THY "BROTHERS": There is a silent tug-of-war between the Islamist leadership of the Engineers Association and its leftist and liberal ranks that threatens to spill over into other corridors. According to well-informed sources, the main office of the association, manned already by 42 employees, has been inflated by an additional 30 "bearded" staff members since the Islamists took over the association, the sources say. Although the new appointments raised eyebrows among the engineers, no protest was made until it became apparent that the Islamists were coming to replace the leftists in one way or another. One apparent 'victim", the head of the Public Relations Department, was recently demoted without explanation. This decision was contested by the "liberals" during the annual general meeting of the association held Friday but apparently to no avail. This week the PR manager was fired altogether without explanation. "which goes to prove that it is a purely political decision." a member of the association told the Diary. The sacked official intends to take the association to court, but considering that the employees are not subject to the protection of the Civil Service Commission, the decision to dispose of him might be considered legal. The liberals among the association members pledge that they will pursue this case to the end. Their main concern, however, is that the main Islamist group in the country will change the well-known saying "love thy neighbour" to the more adept "love thy Brother.

* * * * *

THE PRICE OF FAME: Nidal Sukhtian, president of Arab-American Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC). Amman chapter, called earlier this week to tell us about some remarkable comments reportedly made by Mr. Warren Christopher, the U.S. secretary of state, during his recent visit to Jordan. Mr. Sukhtian thought we might be interested in covering the alleged remarks. though belatedly, as they were made at an "unofficial meeting" in Amman in reaction to the one-page advertisement his organisation had published in Al Dustour Arabic daily on the day hir. Christopher was here. The secretary of state reportedly said: "It (the ad) has touched me. It was written in an honest frame. Those who have written it are people who must have suffered. According to Mr. Sukhtian, Mr. Christopher said he will relay the content of the advertisement to U.S. President Bill Clinton, no less. Perhaps if Mr. Sukhtian had decided to place the one-page advertisement in the Jordan Times instead of Al Dustour, the news item he requested would have been on the local news page rather than being stuck here on the Diary. Business is business.

Normeen Altrad

The ubiquitous computer

By Jose Claude Blics

When a new technology is introduced, it usually goes through different phases of development. There is obviously a launching phase in all cases. Then, depending on how successful it is and its market acceptance, it can quickly decay or on the contrary, show further growth, followed by a steady and long phase to support the decay or the contrary. by a steady and long phase to eventually decay, or become almost a well established and "here-to-stay" commodity. The curve varies greatly from one product to mother. If we consider technologies that have proven their

durability in the twentieth century, like for instance cars and television, and their tremendous impact on society, market specialists and economists agree that these products have been well past the initial launching and subsequent improvement phases and are now in the steady one, notwithstanding some minor improvements every now and then. No decay is in sight for these two products for the

Although computers have been around since the post-World War II period, informatics and computer industries are still in their infancy. More particularly personal computers (PC) "were born" at the beginning of the eighties. A conference-seminar organised last year in Amman by IBM experts from England explained and stressed this point. They asserted that the best was yet to

come.

Being in its infancy, the PC is trying to walk steadily and find its own way through life. Users from all countries, at the beginning of the nineties, are showing a frightening appetite for PCs. While large corporations usually do some study and planning before purchasing computers, small companies and, above all private users, tend to buy PCs in an erratic way. They have a strong feeling that they need the machine, that they must liave one. But do not try to ask them how the PC is going to make their life better. They would probably not be able to give you a clear explanation.

They can certainly tell you that they will type their letters with the word processor instead of a typewriter, that they



will send you faxes right from the PC. They can show you beautiful and colourful computer games, and programmes that can calculate at lightening speed. But if you ask "wasn't your typewriter enough for your 2-letters-a-month work load? How many faxes a day do you send? Isn't a pocket calculator enough for your supermarket shopping account? Wouldn't you rather be playing real tennis on a court, in the open air with a real friend?" they will look at you as if you were still in the stone age, without however giving you any reasonable or logical answer.

Many small to medium size companies still think that they could have a perfectly paperless office with all tasks unications handled by computers. This is the e kind of exaggeration and aberration as private users who can't breathe without their PC or Notebook computer around. Because of its interactive nature, the work with a computer puts more stress on a person than with more traditional means.

If there are thousands of reasons one should use a computer, there are thousands of other reasons why one shouldn't as well. Time will probably prove to be the best filter. PC addicts will slowly rediscover the beauty of books made of paper and the importance of the human touch in all tasks. They will also learn how to carefully select the work that they will let computers do for them, for the usefulness of these machines in many a field is beyond any doubt. Computers will then enter the "adult" phase.

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

Thursday, Feb. 25

8:30 Uncle Buck

9:10 New Drama Series ---Forever Green

Starring: Pauline Collins and John Älderton.

Jack accuses his neighbour Dennis of stealing equipment from his workshop.

10:00 News In English

Alexander The Great

Starring: Richard Burton, Fredie March and Barry

The classic story of the great Macedonian leader whose dream was to spread Greek

influence and culture around

Friday, Feb. 26

8:30 New Councily Series ---Billy

9:10 E.N.G.

the world.

Anne, executive producer of Channel 10 News is physically attacked by the new director when she threatens to expose him.

10:00 News in English

10:20 Columba

Short Fuse

A box of cigars is enough evidence for Columbo to nail down a criminal who thought he had the perfect crime.

Saturday, Feb. 27

8:30 America's Funniest Home Videos

A collection of funny video clips and hilarious situations of children, soldiers and

9:00 Perspective

animak

A local talk show, prepared and presented by Mureed Hammad.

9:30 Science Workshop

This documentary episode deals with the evolution of the very fast train industry in Germany and the overcoming of sound and atmospheric problems.



er Rashed as Tom Boult in Forever Green on Thursday at 9:10

10:00 News In English

10:20 Feature Film --- 1

A gang of robbers successfully carry out an armed robbery on a Royal Mail train in Britain in 1963.

January, Pak. 28

2:30 Who's The Ross

Little Billy is getting ready to have a birthday party as the next door neighbour Adam is celebrating his birthday too. A competition of whose party is better begins.

9:10 Documentary Programme — Equinox

This episode treats the main causes of air pollution.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Simon And Simon

The daughter of a murdered ex-FBI agent seeks help from the two brothers to find out

ber father's murderer.

I.T., who doesn't have a driver's license, steals the new family car to go out on a date with his girlfriend. But will

Frank and Carol find out! 9:16 Martin Bay

The farmer Hilly mortgages his farm to the owner of a bling house where he has lost all his money.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Jordan Weekly

10:40 Victoria

This unjust war continues with the brutal scenes of violeace and the horror of executions in the jungles of

Totoday, March 2

8:30 Perfect Strangers

Larry convinces Balky to go out to a singles bar where they meet two girls and return home with them. They both find themselves in serious trouble when surprisingly Larry's wife returns

9:10 Dirtwater Dynasty

Army manages to regain her father's land from Richard. And Nancy finds her long gone husband who had deserted her.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Ble Man

Wednesday, March

8:30 Saved By The Bell

Jessie finds great opposition to her joining the school's wrestling team, especially when she decides to take part in the wrestling matches.

9:00 One Step Ahead

This episode talks about the working women in Jordan. The programme is prepared and presented by Nisreen Al

9:30 After Us The Deluge

This documentary programme handles the effect of carbon dioxide and global warming on the world's environmental pollution.

10:00 News In English

10:20 A new two-part mini series --- An American Love

This is a story about an Italian professor who goes to the United States on a threemonth business trip, leaving his wife behind. A female assistant is appointed and a kind of intimacy begins to develop, gradually leading to a love story.

How to climb the social ladd

By E. Yaghi

Some people may be frustrated because they have suffered defeat in their unsuccessful attempts to attain a position in certain social elite or cliques here in Jordan. Such attemptees should however know the requirements before botching up and flopping on their faces.

The right area of town

The first step in becoming a member of social nobility is to live in the proper area of town. Even if one is only renting a flat or home, that person must, I repeat, MUST live on the west side. Living anywhere else is a negative dot on the social blacklist. For all those would-be social climbers then beware if you live on the east, south, or north side of Amman for you will automatically be considered a deviant as well as inferior and therefore, unworthy of attention by upper class gentry.

The right kind of car

Next, only certain makes of specific brands of cars are acceptable to own, such as Rolls Royce, Ferrari, Jaguar, Cad illac, Mercedes Benz or BMW. Possessing a lesser brand (a mark of poverty), bicycling for health reasons or physical fitness, or walking because you don't own or cannot afford a car are complete no-no's and will never get you anywhere (socially) except your immediate intended destination. Have you ever been walking and become swallowed up in a cloud of dust by that phantom driver who roared past as if you were invisible? Or have you ever been drenched with mud while that bullet of a car sped past, purposely aimed through that swamp of water that lives on most streets in winter?

The right kind of clothes

Another important and essential must is to wear the latest fashions directly from a Paris designer who really happens to be someone's pet baboon. If you do not own an elegant wardrobe and dress up to par (never wear the same thing twice), then forget about becoming accepted as one of the "in-group." It always helps to drop a hint of a famous brand name or where you purchased that latest piece of clothing, or you can wear the tag on the outside so all will be sure to notice. Such phrases as, "Look what I happened to pick up in Rome on a shopping spree-(a mink)!" may get you somewhere. Another cheaper solution is to buy your own monkey and let it design your clothes for you and tell everyone that the Parisian one made them instead.

The right kind of talk

Before you can hope to get anywhere at all, you must know how to speak "Medineh." Beware, if you slip any "g's" into your conversations, you might get shown to or even thrown right out of the door and never make it past rung one on the social ladder. So, instead of saying that "mountain" or harsh sounding "gal" and "goolna," you simply chop off the G and say, "-al" and "-oolna." This might prove to be very confusing to those who are not used to omitting their "g's" and some green and amateur novices have been known to drop a "G" from here but forget to delete it from there, thus demonstrating their social gaucheness. It is advisable to take speech lessons in "Medineh" if you have not mastered the language.

The "wasta"

Another essential requirement is to be the son or daughter of a great family. "Great" meaning famous of

course, not necessarily good. If you are just an average nobody and do not have a thousand "wastas" then and you will never get beyond your own nose, for those bights, will say with raised eyebrows, "The son/daughter of the Newer hand of him had". Never heard of him/her!" and proceed to sneer you up down from head to toe as if you are some contained disease. The only solution to this nagging problem is change your name, either by becoming adopted by the fulf and famous, stealing their name, (you can always claim to be a very distant relative) or to forget the whole affairs

Parties, parties, parties!

Further, you must know how to party your head off an flit from one social cluster to another at festivities like refined social butterfly. While in the wing of flight, you must be sure to sling just the right words and charming phrases to those higher-ups (even if you despise them) to ensure that you retain or obtain social fame and not turn

into a gadfly.

While frequenting those lengthy parties (which often tend to be immensely boring) you will be sure to hear all issues of political and international importance discussed and solved in the party atmosphere. If you suspect that some of those political analysts are under the influence of a dash of alcohol, do not worry, for everyone knows that a little swig now and then sharpens the mind as well as manners and spirits. The gossip is certain to be hot and spicy, and to make a better impression, be sure to have

read the latest "best seller" so you can quote lines from it.

And do not forget that while at social gatherings, it is always important to know which utensil is to be used by which hand. "Mishandling" the forks, knives and spoons is another social taboo unless again, those sitting around you are slightly enebriated in which case, they could not care less if you used any utensile at all except the God-given ones called "hands." Do not forget to dab your mouth witl a napkin after every bite or sip to demonstrate just hoveivilised you are and only eat your spagnetti at home.

No funny, no money

Last, but certainly not least, you must be loaded wit money, own more than one house and have ten pieces 184 land to your name. If you do not claim to be rich and have money (you can always pretend) then you will never i considered funny and any joke you may crack, no mat 🦃 how clever, will fall on stone deaf ears. To encertain ... social position you seek you must inform your listen and about the latest land you purchased, or the huge condor, nium you just built or that little jaunt you took switzerland, Rome, Paris, London or New York. If you really wise, you will have a little "tea" in which you your guests into watching a video of the trip you returned from, (bar the door so they cannot escape). forget to sprinkle your conversation with English or F words or both. This is especially effective if those you s.

to don't know the language you are using.

On your climb upwards, if you follow the aforestioned directions, you might make it up the social laward become a social butterfly. But beware, if you lack min or more of the qualifications, then you might find you ing coldly shumed, your ladder will collapse and you may rere yourself right back where you started from or worse yeter a social outcast or branded an untouchable! Howev that you are content with being a plain nobody, just a groonsand on the beach, then disregard the above advice ouals, to become an important somebody. But then again, with own estimation, each individual regardless of race, eterorigin, family connections, amount of money and vide that person lives; is as unique and important as any o

Beyond the boundaries of transgressio

By Natalie Melidos Yegenian

Familiar scales and levers for weighing attitudes in this world turn awry as time wears on and ages decay. An example of this is the trial which is being carried out in a courthouse in a place long forgotten and ignored.

For one thing, the dark brown building with its corroded sign bearing the words, "In the name of justice" is in contradiction to the lively colourful and non-specious elements of the life surrounding it, let alone the antagonistic atmosphere filling the ominous ball which in no way comes into agreement with the harmonious air of the nature outside.

The trial is one of a kind but not necessarily unique for many children in that isolated place are suffering unjust accusations and are thus being unfairly condemned and will eventually be swallowed up by their ravenous society.

The plaintiff today is a little 10-year-old boy called Tommy. As he stands inside his dock, Tommy shows the tough appearance of a daring adult. Although he might be crying from within, no tears trickle down his face and this meager figure gives no outward sign of what is going on inside his mind or his fragile heart. But still, his innocent pale green eyes could be called anything but "ignorant."

The casual glance at the child's peaceful lineaments (which was the best people could really give him) makes one hear a distant plaintive tune which little Tommy croons to himself. Indiscernible to an indifferent observer, however, is the astute brain enclosed and sheltered in his tiny round skull. Following the direction of Tommy's stupefied gaze one can see the judge pre-eminently seated on his authoritative chair. He is quite an old man with an air of self-importance and diffidence, both of which Tommy lackes.

There is yet another element which Tommy's earnest face lacks and though the judge could not specify what it was, he could sense that it was the innocent sort of look his own grandfather must have seen on his face when he was Tommy's age.

The little boy is kept alert by the judge's fiendish eyes. Are they truculently aflame, boring into his tender heart or is he just imagining that? Whatever it is, there is only one thing for sure: He is going to be examined by that judge no matter what. The gavel strikes and the judge starts: "So, my boy, your name is Tommy then?" It was more a statement than a question.

"Little Tommy, Your Honour," completes the boy with an air of truthfulness; after all, he had just taken an oath on the Bible.

"You trod on and crushed a bee yesterday?" Again, that was no more than a statement, only this time in a

"Yes, Your Honour," repeats Tommy Conscientiously. "Why did you do that Tommy?" "Because helpless, vulnerable creatures should be des-

troyed." For Tommy it was as simple as that.

"Destroying vulnerable creatures makes you vul child-Tommy."

"But my parents encouraged me to do so, they . United to be a survivor and that destroying little creat many as first step towards success." He ultered these we youngsibout 30 lesson learnt by heart.

"That is no justification. I can guess you mericans. 1985 surtaught to turn the other cheek?" Somewhere inside the judge, his conscience aged six to you, Your Honour?" i hours of

"Turning the other cheek does not work in t Tommy went on philosophically: "Otherwise have given us the chance to live a peaceful

innocent childhood without attempts at makir 720 each other with absurd ethics and principle It was not only the judge who was being a that "you." It was as though Tommy was mistakes of his parents and grandparents. The

and wrong tearing his innner soul apart try is Roman find a reasonable excuse for such a behav preserved Astonishment would have been aroused hidan Valley been stated by a 10-year-old child in an "c specialists society. But the declaration had no partics and their Tommy's listeners for people had long stop ning enteras to how little boys like Tommy grasped veral of our acquired such a language. No doubt children f lamb on a guilty enough to be tried in courts. This, ice. This is

look he had on his face reflected the struggle irsions in-

After a few seconds, and as though the it unexpectedly. Tommy breaks the ominous states and silver protest against being tried and judged by a lient sites; even more guilty than I am. You cannot ju'nd tombs, judge stopped his flow of ulterings. Tomr one experiover, he pronounced. over, he pronounced.

Making sure that all the necessary procedum to Petra were carried out meticulously and impecca with his 20 left for a short recess before lack's trial with his 20

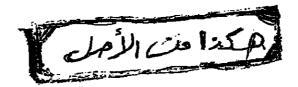
were carried out meuculously and impects with his au left for a short recess before Jack's trial is followed. The courtroom is silent. It is not a guilt-is followed however. For most of the attendants are jorts at the dreams, unaware of whatis going on in the rearience. We silence that will further motivate and encourachin and all its shapes, be it crushing insects or killing, for taking. (both of which receive similar retribution ralling visit world).

But who is to be blamed for it? The supprising scenjudge who blames children for his own ipment and Tommy who was given lessons in violence uld receive along in this world and eventually got punit be missed. rather the parents of such children who siu, you will silence in courts waiting impatiently for their and then end?

Whoever the guilty party is, if this transgressio

how far will it go? until he's The writer is a student of English literature





Ortega heads for Baghdad after meeting

(Continued from page 1)

du

leader of revolutionary movements in Central America, was among the world figures who nied in vain to mediate a peaceful dation to the Gulf crisis trigred by the August 1990 Iraqi vasion of Kuwait. He visited Several times before, during Id after the Gulf war in early

reic. Ortega represented a multion of mostly leftist and Third and proups and socialist parties South the globe and was supwar by the Vatican and Amerplay partiest groups in the read on effort. Although the Note and the groups he repre-Telegraphic credited with secur-the graph announcement that Pental was willing to withdraw emiles from Kuwait on Feb. The conditional Iraqi le however, came too late disregarded by the despite follow-up in by then Iraqi Foreign

Hareq Aziz. with an American enfaceasefire but after the Iraqi military and

infrastructure was hammered out

The Nicaraguan leader said Wednesday that he would meet with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein to familiarise himself "with the situation in Iraq after the

Central America.

interests," he said. During his 1990-1991 mediation efforts, Mr. Ortega went on record saying that he "under-

Mr. Ortega, who is accompanied by his wife and six of his 10

He said he met with the Palestinian leadership in Tunis and also held talks in Tripoli with Libyan

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Mr. Telebani said be asked

yrian leaders during talks in anascus in the last few days to open the Syrian border with ardish-controlled northern Iraq closed about six months ago." We discussed the reopening and the border between northern

Liyria and Iraqi Kurdistan which us been always open but was losed about six months ago. Our yrian brothers promised to disass the request and I hope to get a positive answer before I conclude my visit."

He said the border between

Iraq and Iran was also open and trade was going on but he had heard nothing about a deal between Iraq and Iran about a crackdown on the Iranian opposi-

tion group Mujahedeen. Mr. Talabani said Iraq's latest

The problems of Iraq, which remains under international sanctions despite the end of the war, should be resolved quickly, Mr. Ortega affirmed.

He said he would brief President Saddam on the situation in

"We have a lot of common

stood and appreciated Saddam Hussein's stand" in the crisis and felt that he "shared brotherly feelings" with the Iraqi leader.

children on his visit to Baghdad, said he had attended an international conference of socialists in Athens, Greece and visited Tunisia and Libya before flying to

abani says Baghdad seeking contacts

effort to resume dialogue with Kurds was conveyed by former Iraqi cabinet minister Makram (Continued from page 1) e next meeting due in Tehran in Talabani who visited northern

> Iraq last week. He said any decision on Kurds joining the talks should be adopted by the Kurdish "parliament" and Iraqi opposition groups to whom the Kurds be-

"Saddam should end the dictatorship, stop his provocations, solve the problem of democracy (and) give details about the fate of 200,000 Kurds of whom it is not known whether they are dead, imprisoned or alive.

Mr. Talabani said his talks in Syria covered contacts with Iraqi opposition groups especially the nationalists who did not join an opposition alliance formed following a meeting in northern Iraq

U.N. said to turn down Iraqi offer

(Continued from page 1)

and Kuwait have already contributed \$100 million each, would pay for U.N. costs and reparations for victims of the Gulf crisis.

The sources said the U.N. General Secretariat has told the Palestinian mission that the Security Council had no objections if Iraq wanted to contri-bute to the UNRWA budget and would approve such an offer if the money has to come from the proceeds raised by oil

exports under 706 and 712. "It is an Iraqi decision and the West should have no problems with accepting it if Bagindad believes that the Pakstinians should also receive assistance," said a Western diplomatic source.

"But before everything else, traq should accept the U.N.supervised oil exports under the relevant Security Council resolutions," said the source, adding that this was the common view of Britain and the United States — the two dominant members of the council with veto powers.

Another Amman-based diplomat of a leading member of the European Community (EC) said Europe "understands the problems faced by UNRWA and is concerned that its budget crisis should be over-

But that should not mean an undermining of Security Council resolutions," added the diplomat.

Expellees reject temporary transfer

(Continued from page 1)

Dr. Rantisi described as good" a statement by Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi in which she said there was no process of making compromises on the issue of the expulsions.

Dr. Ashrawi, speaking after meeting Mr. Christopher in Jeru-salem Tuesday, said: "We want to make sure that deportations are stopped immediately and that the orders are rescinded and that Israel will not resort to deportations in the future."

Israeli officials said Prime Minister Yitzhak Rapin would not make any announcement about further steps to return the evictees although he might speed up a judicial review of each case that could result in the early

He has offered to allow 101 to come back immediately and the rest by the end of this year at the latest, an offer rejected by the Palestinians and the expellees.

The tension and repeated dis-

appointments left their toll on the exiled men. Many appeared to have lost hope of a quick return and others were simply fed up.
"I think we will stay here until
next December," said Ali Daouo, a businessman from the A heated argument broke out

among a small groups of exiles which ended with one of them shouting: "You believe we are whole Islamic World."

Mulronev resigns as prime minister

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. Mulroney a Quebecker of rish descent, war voted into office in 1984 in a landslide election pleaging to resolve the Quebec dispute.

But recession and the mos: severe unemployment in eight years have undermined his support and made him one of Canada's most unpopular leaders ever. Recent opinion polls show Mr.

Mulroney's support novering at 17 per cent, while the opposition Liberal Party has a comfortable lead with the backing of about 46

going back? We will never see it. Rabin can cutmanoeuvre the

The Canadian dollar fell by nearly a cent against the U.S. dollar in nervous overnight trading once media reports of his possible resignation circulated on

an early election.

world financial markets. Leaders of the opposition Liberal and New Democratic parties increased pressure in recent weeks on the government to call

sented Tuesday. The New Democrats said Mr. "His reaction was positive, and Mulroney had to call an election he showed concern and a willingbefore ratifying the north Amerness to deal with these issues ican free trade agreement with seriously," Dr. Ashrawi said.

A document prepared for the the United States and Mexico.

Iraqis refuse to accept 'defeat' in war

By Harish Chandola

HOW DO the Iraqi people look at the Gulf war and its consequences? One had already read a lot about what the other side, the

Western allies, have said about it. Even in the midst of the misery brought upon them by the war, the Iraqi people still say that they

That was no war, they say. The Western allies bombed us from 30 kilometres up in the sky, where our anti-aircraft guns did not reach. It was no act of courage to drop bombs on people from that safe height. You do not have to be a soldier to push a button to unload bombs.

The ground war too was no war, they say. There were bombs in front and behind us, and we could not move.

It was a coward's way of fight-

Thirty countries attacked us. but we are still here. We did not change. That is why we say we did not lose the war.

This is because the Iraqi people still adhere to the old values or myth that war is a contest of courage, and loyalty to a cause. That, war has an element of fairness in it, and that is a rough way of measuring the relative merit of two causes.

Palestinians

(Continued from page 1)

However, she said the Palesti-

nians held out more hopes for the

talks eventually in view of Mr.

Christopher's comments on the

Clinton administration's commit-

ment to human rights and its view

do with the commitment to hu-

man rights... and to the evolving

definition of the American goals

to include full partnership rather

than just an evenhanded peace

broked or a mediator," she said.

On Wednesday, Dr. Ashrawi

said the Palestinian delegates

were encouraged at Mr. Christ-

opher's reaction to the com-

plaints of human rights violations

by Israel that the delegates pre-

'The most striking thing had to

of its role in the peace talks.

and throwing down its weapons. It was no virtue to massacre it when it was in full retreat after being ordered to cease fighting and withdraw. That was the behaviour of the

It was no great act of bravery to

advance on an army that was

starving, bleeding from the ears

hyena and the jackel, not of the lion, the Iraqis say.

Americans wanted to prove that they had got over the "post-Vietnam syndrome," and had the courage and grit to fight big wars

So, while some Americans may

have convinced themselves of the great military virtue of their troops, they have not convinced the Iraqis, particularly the Iraqi soldiers. The Iraqis know the hardships their soldiers endured under constant bombardment for a whole month, unlike the American air warriors. It is in that sense that they refuse to accept that they lost.

The Iraqis say the U.S. used fuel-air bombs, which kill by burning up all the oxygen, on

their troops dug down in tunnels. The Western media had earlier created the fear that Iraq might use chemical weapons. But it did not. It was the U.S. which use the fuel-bomb, killing Iraqi soldiers by poisoning the atmosphere,

Israel to apply the Fourth Geneva

Convention on treatment of peo-

Israel maintains that it follows

the "humanitarian" aspects of the

convention. The convention spe-

cifically prohibits expulsions and

the practice of jailing without

trial that Israel has used

thousands of times during the

said that before the human rights

situation could improve in the

occupied territories, Israel would have to repeal the 1945 British

emergency regulations that it still

uses and hundreds of military

These regulations allow Israel

to take such actions as expelling

people, destroying suspects

houses, putting widespread areas

under curfew, and jailing without

regulations imposed since.

The Palestinian document also

five-year Palestinian uprising.

ple in occupied lands.

from which all oxygen was burnt

The American and Western media also said the Iraqis may use and deposit in bones, organs and biological weapons. But they did cells.

On the other hand, the U.S. bombed water purification and sewage disposal plants. This, or lungs. according to Red Crescent officials, was a form of biological warfare, because it killed people by means of disease. Many died because of the contamination of drinking water and some are

dying of it still. The world trembled at the thought of Iraq using nuclear weapons. But it was the U.S. which actually bombed the Iraqi nuclear installations, creating a serious danger of radiation leaks.

It used radioactive artillery shells, they spent rounds of which may be causing fatal illnesses in

Iraq, including cancer.

Known as depleted uranium penetrators, when fired the core of the shell bursts into a searing flame that helps it pierce the armour of tanks and other military vehicles.

During the six weeks of war. the U.S. and allied forces fired over 10,000 such shells, dispersing, according to Western sources themselves, at least 40 tonnes of depleted uranium in Itaq and

release uranium particles in the air, which enter the body easily,

Besides being radioactive, uranium is chemically toxic, like lead, and can damage the kidneys

All the horrible things the media said Iraq might do, were done by the U.S.

The first rules of justice were made out in Iraq. The 4,000-yearold code of Hammurabi 1378, 8 tooth for a tooth and an eye for

It means, for the loss of a tooth you may take no more than a tooth; for an eve, no more than

Had the Western affice applied this ancient crinde formula to their assault on bad; thousands

of lives would have been saved. For all its humanistic talk, the United Nations is not able to raise itself to the motal level of the ancient code of Hammurabi: The Iraqis ask: They have got what they wanted. They got Kuwait back. What more do they. want? Why do they want to starve. the Iraqi people and deiny them food and medicine?"

The writer, an Indian journalist. has just ended a 12-day visit to traq. He contributed this article to the Jordan Times .-- -

delegates meeting with Mr. Golan Heights.
Christopher urged pressure on Mr. Christopher, accompanied by Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and army chief Ehud Barak, landed at an outpost in northern Israel facing the snowcapped peak of Mount Hermon and the strategic Golan Heights. Sitting at a table overlooking

verdant northern Galilee hills, Mr. Christopher listened to briefings from Lieutenant-General Barak and the commander of Israeli forces in the north of the country. The central message was that the Golan was of crucial importance to the "defence" of

"Well, I understand the situation much better now that I've seen it on the ground," Mr. Christopher said when asked what he'd learned from the trip. He added he would save his other impressions for later. asked if he expected complica-

On Wednesday, Mr. Christ-opher took a belicopter tour of the occupied West Bank and tions in reaching agreement between Israel and Syria, Mr. Christopher replied: "There is no

question that the geography complicates the matter and changes the situation very greatly.

As Gen. Barak was explaining why Israel needed the Gotan, a row erupted over remarks attributed to his second in command, deputy army cheif Amnon Sha-

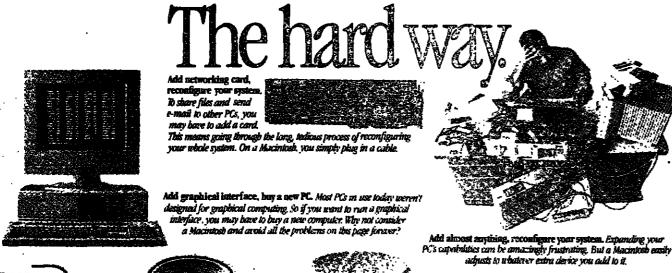
Lieutenant-General Shahak gave a background briefing to U.S. journalists on Tuesday, the contents of which were leaked to Israel's top-selling daily Yedioth Ahronoth on Wednesday.

"Without a withdrawal from all of the Golan Heights, there is no hope for a peace agreement," he was quoted as saying. "Israel can ensure its security

even in the case of a total withdrawal." he said.

Gen. Shahk on Wednesday denied saying this. But right-wing opposition politicians, led by former Chief of Staff Rafael Eitan. leader of the fourth biggest party in Israel's parliament, demanded Gen. Shahak be sacked im-

If you're looking for a computer that will grow with your needs, there are basically only two ways you can go.



a mouse, you'll man! one. But first be prepared to Play and record of computing. But most PCs aren't ready for it. So f you want to work with sound, it'll cost you time and trouble - 1101 to mention money. On a Mac, sound it built in write a check. There cated PC-bire somebody else to do if for you. Over time course, that cam wind up costing you more than the PC

Then prepare to spend ng cands, flipping tiny swaches and editing files — for each ime. With a Mac, you can add up to seven peripherals by simply Playging them in and chicking a button or two. Add printer, adjust DEP switches. Hooking up a printer seems easy. Until you set your DIP switches. install your driver, locate vour graphical interface diskettes, make an error

Want to add a CD-ROM or bard disk drive?

Add peripherals, reconligat your system for each one. Expand your PC, take two aspiria. Inertably, you'll nant to expand your computer's capabilities by a Line exten devices. The more instructions you alog through and switches you fiddle with the more time it will take, and the

to make things easier But the reality is, you'll still spend icars reading manuals just to make it " all work - time you could spend doing more useful

ual labor. Software like a graphical interface temports

Upgrade your memory, reconsignre your system. Add memory to a Mac.' and it reconsignres itself accordingly.

system. Add a rew

mentior, and vow h bay to reconfigure

or vour monitor

could look like this

one. A Muc recog-

nices a new monato

and adjusts to it automaticall

But add memory to a PC, and you'll almost always have to run a setup program to configure the new memory—or the computer won't know what to do with it.

more pain reliever you'll need. and start all over again. On a typical PC, even adding a simple hard disk drive can be extraordinarily complex. Because each time you add something new you'll probably have to "reconfigure" your PC - the time-consuming process of telling the computer what components you've attached to it. Even if you've installed a graphical interface, you, may have to edit complicated CONFIG.SYS and SYSTEM.INT files, install special device drivers or fiddle with lots of tim DIP switches. Networking PCs together so people can exchange files typically requires the installation of cards and networking software, which can be unexpectedly difficult. And adding different kinds of peripherals means going through endless rounds of fine-tuning and adjusting. The more time you spend doing this, the less time you'll spend doing the work you really want to do.

The each time & Consistently great software. Today, there are over 5,000 programs for Maximtosh. Not Bullt in file sharing. No extra software Built-in video support. No estra cards just innovative new programs, but procen, required. It makes working with other to buy, just plug in your monitor and established applications that have been refined Macintosh users as easy as using a Macuntosh you're ready to go. And lets you build a network without buying for years. And they all work in the same an extra computer to be a file server. consistent, logical ways. Learn one, you're, learned the basics of them all, Built-in networking, No extra cards to Built-in SuperDrive" disk drive. Lets your buy. You can create a network just by Macintosh read from and urste to MS-DOS and phyging two Macintosh computers OS/2 formatted floppy disks as well as Macintosh. together. On Macintosh Quadra systems, Ethernet is built-in, too. cards to buy. You can plug in up to 7 earmal and internal devices - hard Bulk-in customer satisfaction drives, scanners, CD-ROM drives or other J.D. Power and Associates recently perpherals - and a Macintosh numbed Apple the #1 Personal Computer automatically configures uself without Company in Customer Satisfaction your even realizing it. We call this among Business Users. feature "plug and play". But it's actually plug and work MARINE LENGTH Affordable Macintosh systems. Every Macintosh Prezy Maciniosh is a multimedia computer has built-in networking support, sound support, All computers may enable you to work with video support, printer support, plug-and-play sound, video, animation and photographs - as expansion capabilities and a hard drive. And today well as text and graphics. But every Macintosh it's compatible. If you already own other kinds of you can get a complete Macintosh system for less is a multimedia computer today - with the PCs, a Maxintosh is compatible with them. Max. than half of what one cost only two years ago. ability to record sound and play video, sound versions of Lotus 1-2-3 and WordPerfect can read files from their MS-DOS counterparts. And with third-party software you can actually run MS-DOS

An Apple Macintosh is different. Apple designed the computer Apple wrote the system software. Apple designed every aspect of the system to make it easy for you to do everything you have to do - including expanding the capabilities of your Macintosh as your needs grow if you plug a new hard drive into a Macintosh, it knows what to do with it. Installing a CD-ROM drive or scanner is a matter of plugging it in and clicking the mouse a few times. Even networking is so simple that anyone cando it - you just plug two Macintosh computers together with an inexpensive cable. We call this "plug and play." But it's actually plug and work, because you spend more of your time getting things accomplished and less time trying to figure out your computer. A Macintosh doesn't just "make it easier." It makes it easy. Period.

software and Maxintosh software at the same time.



'an team members Bjorn Myrbakken, Helge The call Ispen Bredesen during the podium the Championskip team K 115 competition in

ins team's ing medal

The Horwegians continued their winning ways or the Shi Championships, capturing the large e champion of the meet.

browned Bredesen. "We would have been friend We didn't think of gold because there were especially Austria.

waich also included Bjorn Myrbakken, Brandryen, who took fifth in Sunday's straost 50 points after taking a big lead in

11 34 mas 12.1.5 points. A combined team from the contains in the contains and the contains the contain

the their injured star Werner Rathmayr, were and the defending world champion a less year's Albertville Olympics.

THE BEST OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

் ் ் ந்றதுள்ளு track stopped

Lask of money has stopped construcid Tuesday it had set up a system for in the project will be off and in inistration halted the \$30,000 project 2 2351 to pay for it, Presidential yers send. Contributions will be The Actional Park Foundation to handle male logger, Clinton likes to run in salings tie up trame in comment

Times will never totally give up his

ಾದ್ಯ ೫೦ cantenced to prison

- James "slim" Douler, who won Chienge Bulls star Michael Jordan in a in going to jail for more than nine years the rentenced when a jury found him The state of the telephone and conspiracy hard mentioned him of conspiring to traffic in cocaine. Amess stand that a \$57,000 check he gave to minest loan, as both men had claimed after the the money line tood, he said, the money was to the matter from a warkend of golf and poker.

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MATELL OF FOR FRIDAY FEBRUARY 26, 1993 The Control of Stronger, Carroll Righter Foundation

ericki MES: A restless during the day so keep ្តមនុស្ស ស្រុ សម្រើសមួយ **សុស្ស** main and poised but then tonight you can go after personal aims and the transfer today by mit brings them, but not can get them. LIBRA: (September 23 to October

22) Jit seems an unending task to get rid of the chores and little dules that face you but don't be discouraged and by evening they ere out of the way. SCORFIO: (October 23 to Novem-

her 21) You don't seem to make much progress in putting across your personal ambitions during the daytime but tonight clarity shows incluest way to do so.

JAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You need to be aspecially careful how to perform credit, civic or community condithat during the day but tonight you can enjoy being out on the

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You need to be wary and learn of any new ventures the arise today and study all aspects of them; then tonight you understand

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Februar, 19) Be sure to carefully examine all statements and reports before attending to them today as misteless may be rife while tonight finds experts aiding you.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Steer clear of a considerable amount of talking with a critical associate for not until tonight would you arrive at an understand 172 and accord.

ard**ge**

. JULIU DRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you GAN2 CA5 K96 4AJ762 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

What action do you take?

9.5-As South, vulnerable, you hald: The bidding has proceeded: South West North East 0 1 4 Pass Pass

What action do you take?

C.S-A: South, vulnerable, you noid: 21085 TAK4 0**J76**5 **4J106** actuar opens the bidding with one

inis. What do you respond?

Suns beat Spurs in battle of NBA's best

came back from the All-Star break on Tuesday with a busy schedule and a key showdown in the west.

The Phoenix Suns proved again they are the best team in the NBA by pulling out a tight 105-103 road victory over the San Antonio Spurs, who dropped from second best in the league to third behind the New York Knicks after the Eastern Conference leaders beat the woeful Minnesota Timberwolves.

Charles Barkley had 29 points and 12 rebounds as the Suns ended the Spurs' team-record 15game home winning streak. Tom Chambers added 20 points for Phoenix, which won for the 14th

time in 16 games.

David Robinson had 35 points and 11 rebounds for the Spurs. The Pacific Division-leading Suns own a 39-10 record.

In another key western matchup in Salt Lake City, the Rockets put a quick end to the Utah Jazz's All-Star euphoria when Hakeem Olajuwon scored 24 points and Houston outscored Utah 56-34 in the second half for a 105-78 rout.

Houston, behind second-place Utah in the Midwest, has won four in a row to close the distance below San Antonio to four games and climb just two back of the

In Denver, Ricky Pierce scored 26 points as the second-place Seattle Supersonics beat the Nug-shooting competition at the All-tory in four games.

time U.S. Open champion and

former teenage sensation Tracy

Austin began a comeback Tues-

day by winning her first match

victory in nearly nine years.

Austin beat Rennae Stubbs of
Australia 7-5 6-4 in the first round
of the \$375,000 Evert Cup.

Evening rain interrupted top-seeded Mary Joe Fernandez and

fellow American Rachel Jensen

at the beginning of the third set

with the score one set apiece in a

second-round match at the 56-

player, hard court tournament

where the top eight seeds re-ceived first-round byes.

Clare Wood of Britain upset

tenth-seeded Rosalyn Fairbank-

Nideffer of South Africa 4-6 6-2

fifth-seeded Helena Sukova over-

powered American Caroline

Kuhlman 6-1 6-3 in a second-

Austin's win helped alleviate

disappointment over the with-

drawal of the tournament's top

two entrants, Steffi Graf and

Jennifer Capraiti, before the

event began. Austin faces second-seeded Katerina Maleeva

of Bulgaria in the second round.

The 30-year-old Austin, winner

of the 1979 and 1981 U.S. Opens,

last won a tour match February

26, 1984, at an indoor event in

She attempted a comeback in

1989, but lost in the first round of

both events she played before

being sidelined by a car accident

which required surgery on her

SOMETIMES I LIE AWAKE

AT NIGHT, AND I ASK,

"IS IT ALL WORTH IT?"

round match.

New Jersey.

right knee.

Peanuts

Andy Capp

Mutt'n'Jeff

SAN ANTONIO (R) — The gets 103-99 to stay six back of National Basketball Association Phoenix. In Orlando, Shaquille O'Neal

scored 28 points, grabbed 14 rebounds and blocked five shots to lead the Magic to a 125-107 victory over the Portland Trail Blaz-Scott Skiles added 23 points

and 11 assists as the Magic completed a season-sweep of the third-place Trail Blazers, who fell 7-1/2 games behind the suns in the Pacific Division. In New York, Patrick Ewing

scored 23 points and John Starks added 20 to lead the Knicks to their sixth successive home win, a 95-91 triumph over the Minnesota Timberwolves.

In Charlotte, Larry Johnson had 17 points, 14 rebounds and seven assists to lead seven hornets in double figures as they held off a late New Jersey rally to cool off the Nets 104-95.

In Chicago, Michael Jordan scored 10 of his game-high 34 points in the decisive fourth quarter and the Bulls held on to defeat the milwaukee Bucks 99-95 for their third win in a row.

Jordan, who scored seven of his points in the final 3:47, was 15 of 26 from the field for Chicago, whose Central Division-leading record rose to 35-15.

scored 29 points as the Cavaliers edged the Miami Heat 102-100 for their fifth win in a row. Price, who won the three-point

Austin wins her first

victory in nine years

Austin, once ranked number

one in the world, said she was

excited just to be playing termis,

let alone winning a match.
"I thought I'd be a nervous

wreck, but I felt very eager and excited to get out there," Austin

said. "It felt good to be out there.

There were so many thoughts

entering my mind, everything from looking back to my car accident to thinking about how

Retired tennis great Chris

Evert, for whom the tournament

was named, watched the first set

of Austin's match from the

"I'm thrilled for Tracy," Ever

said. "I know the first match is

the hardest to get through. I'm

especially pleased Tracy chose the Evert Cup for her comeback

and that she had her first success

Agassi scores a whitewash

Andre Agassi and David Wheaton both scored firsts Tues-

day in first-round matches at the

\$300,000 men's tennis tourna-

Agassi, the reigning Wimble-don champion, scored his first-ever professional whitewash,

blanking Australian Sandon stol-le 6-0 6-0 in just 51 minutes.

Jimmy Connors 6-3 6-3 in their

first-ever encounter.

MR.JEFF, I'M A REPORTER WELL, NOBODY YES, I HAVE OH, JEFF! LEND ME A PAIR FROM THE DAILY WHIRL! OF BELIEVES IT! A MILLION OF YOUR SHORTS! MINE THERE ARE RUMORS THAT: A HAVE YOU ANY DOLLAR POLICY HAVEN'T COME BACK! FROM

MILLION DOLLAR

POLICY AND THEN I HAVE

A BIG POLICY!

YOU SUDDENLY BECAME
WEALTHY IS THAT TRUE?
WHY DO
WHY DO
WHY DO
WHY DO
WHY DO
THEN I HAVE

Wheaton, meanwhile, beat

Top-seeded Pete Sampras

THEN A VOICE

SAYS, "WHO ARE

YOU TALKING TO?"

withdrew Monday due to a stress

fracture of the right ankle, but

ment in Scottsdale, Arizona.

hard I have been training."



Star weekend, hit 6-of-9 from

In Detroit, Mark Aguirre scored 24 points and Dennis Rodman, still waiting to find out if he's traded by Thursday's league deadline, had 25 rebounds to lift the Pistons to a 101-89 victory over the Philadelphia 76ers.

At Indiana, Detlef Schrempf scored 24 points and Reggie Miller added 19 as the Pacers handed the Boston Celtics their fourth loss in a row, 113-86.

In Atlanta, Dominique Wilkins scored 31 points to lead the Hawks to a 109-94 victory over the Washington Bullets.

In Los Augeles, Ron Harper had 25 points and Danny Man-In Cleveland, Mark Price ning scored 19 to lead the Clippers to a 123-116 win over the Sacramento Kings for their vic-

were leaving all the seedings the

Clavet of Spain was upset by Marcos Ondruska of South Afri-

have a match that goes that way,"

said Agassi of his first profession-

al shutout in 366 matches and first

at any level since the 12-and-

unders. "I can't say there's any-

thing that I wasn't happy with

tonight.
"It's nice to get through no

in enough hard work where I'll be

ready to play the next match."
Agassi, 22 and ranked eighth in

the world, ran Stolle off the court

combining a relentless attacking

baseline game with a booming serve which produced seven aces.

stolle was able to win just 26 of

named to the U.S. Davis Cup

team that will face Australia next

month, fired 11 aces past Con-

out beating him," said wheaton.

He's for sure one of the best

players of all-time. And there's

something special about beating a

legend. Not like I'm floating on air and it's the biggest win of my

career, but still it's a good win for

THEN ANOTHER VOICE

SAYS, YOU MEAN 'TO

WHOM ARE YOU TALKING?"

"There's something special ab-

Wheaton, who last week was

84 points.

Voeller have own private shoot-out

League title.

suring calling card.

four matches.

Voeller has hit eight goals in his last six games to take his tally to 13, just one fewer than Klinsmann who got off to a better start in his first season in France.

Marseille can win everything this

Marseille have chosen a good time to hit their peak. Their 2-0 win over Lens Sunday took them two points clear of Paris St. Germain and Monaco and boosted confidence ahead of their two big games in a week — against Mona-co and CSKA Moscow in the European Cup next Wednesday.

same, so Agassi at number two is the highest seed remaining in the Marseille are seeking a record fifth league title in a row and aim to become the first French side to win Europe's premier club tro-In other matches involving seeds, number four Francisco

ca 6-3 6-3 while seventh seed Emilio Sanchez of Spain ousted American Brian MacPhie 6-2 6-3. "Once or twice in a career, you face CSKA next week.

> for Portugal's World Cup qualifier with Italy. The match will be televised live

> packed to its 20,000 capacity. More than half the spectators will be away fans.

The rest of the league programme takes place Friday with a top match pitting fifth-placed Bordeaux against Nantes, who are fourth. Both are still outside contenders for the title.

Bordeaux, who have not conceded a goal in eight matches, are without suspended striker Christophe Dugarry, who scored last weekend's winner in Strasbourg. They may also miss Brazilian defender Marcio Santos because

Should Marseille lose in Mona-

Klinsmann,

PARIS (R) - German World Cup strikers Juergen Klinsmann and Rudi Voeller have their own private shoot-out Thursday when Monaco and Marseille meet in a Mediterranean derby which could decide the destiny of the French

The odds seem stacked in Marseille's favour. Five wins in a row, Voeller finding the net with gay abandon and triumphs in each of the past three seasons in Monaco, with three goals scored on every visit, represent a reas-

Monaco, by contrast, have run into a slump. The injury list is long, Sunday's defeat in Nantes let Marseille knock them off the top of the table and Klinsmann and his team mates have not scored a single goal in the last

"I was handicapped by injuries for a long time," Voeller ex-plained. "But now I'm fully fit and on top form. I really believe

phy.
They will be without stopper Bernard Casoni, who has a broken thumb, and forward Abedi Pele, on World Cup duty for Ghana. Both should be back to Monaco have even more

absentees. Midfielder Marcel Dib, stopper Eammanuel Petit and new Croatian signing Stjephan Andrijasevic are unfit and forward Rui Barros is away

but the Louis II Stadium will be

of a family bereavement.

co, Paris St Germain could go top on goal difference by winning their match in Metz.

no wonder i`

LIE AWAKE

BY THE LOOKS OF

I'M SORRY MUTT!

MY SHORTS HAVEN'T

THE JEWELERYET

I'M HAVING THE POKER DOTS SET

NOW WHAT POUR IS IT YOU WANT TO KNOW MY

GOOD MAN?

AT NIGHT!

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY FEBRUARY 25, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Alot of what comes to the attention today may do so largely through overreaction on the parts of about everyone concerned "Sufficient to the day is the evil thereof" could be best motto.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Whatever you have in mind to get an associates goodwill and favour be sure to make it in the morning for the evening finds new projects

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Open the day by doing those things which handle both matters at home and outside interests while later avoid a problem over a money

GEMENT: (May 21 to June 21) Placating and pleasing usual allies is fine during the morning hours but later you find a partner can cause you a considerable amount

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Financial affairs both where your own interests are concerned as well as other persons work out well in the morning but tonight brings trouble with tasks. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Do something different and dramatic as you start the day and then watch without action by you how it

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Put in effect a plan quietly

arranged by you and an expert the morning and later let it work out and avoid a tempest in the Rapot

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Join with friends. Sequent

ances and congenial companions during the morning while later make sure you use much care on the highway and in motion. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) This is the morning slice breakfast to put attention on voca-tional and family interests and then

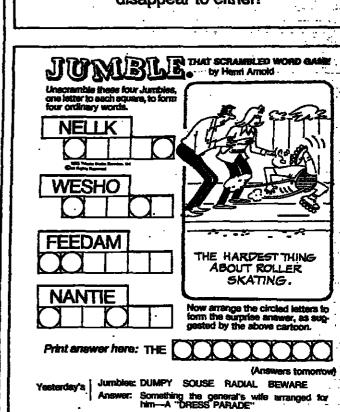
in the evening make no intends commitments of you lose. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Putting in motion your advanced tenets is excellent in the morning but then do nothing

that causes others to feel you are forcing your views upon them. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Enhance your property by some up to date, advanced formulas and don't let yourself form out by too amch attention to a personal responsibility.

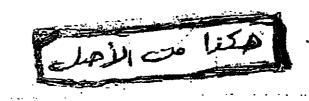
AOUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru ary 19) Make a point to start the day right by backing those who are conservative and in prominent positions while later it is advantage to avoid sarcastic accuraterances. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Think about what you can best do to quietly gain the good will of modern and conservative friends in the morning but tonight don't go out in the public eye.



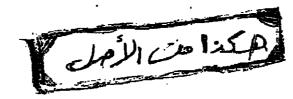
"I called a psychic today. She doesn't know where your socks disappear to either!"







THE LAUNDRY!



ocal Bahraini memployment hits 15%

IANAMA (R) — Unemployment in Bahrain's local workforce hit 15 per cent in 1991, largely because of competition with foreign lorkers, a Bahraini minister said in remarks published Wednesday.

Labour Minister Khalifa Bin Salman Al Khalifa told the daily likhber Al Khalee; that 13,394 Bahrainis were looking for jobs in 1991 - 9,035 men and 4,359 women.

Bahram, a small Gulf Arab state, has a little more than half a bitants, including foreigners. Sheikh Chalifa said 60 per cent of the 226,448 workforce in

Bahrain were foreigners, according to 1991 statistics.

eason behind it was that some employers favour foreigners," Sheikh Unemployment in Bahrain is the main issue currently under pa by the newly appointed consultative council.

Meanwine, Bahrain's foreign trade showed a 44.2 million dinas (\$117 million) deficit in the third quarter of 1992, according to official figures released Tuesday.

Figures issued by the Bahrain Monetary Agency (BMA) showed Bahrain's exports from July to September 1992 totalled 335.5 million diners (\$889.9 million) while imports stood at 379.7 million diners (\$1.0 billion) during the same period.

The figure compared with a third quarter 1991 foreign trade deficit of 63.6 million dinars (\$168.7 million). Total exports in that period stood at 322.1 million dinars (\$854.4 million)

rent for a satellite tracking station on the main island of Mahe.

Money spent by the station

The station, built in 1963, once

The Seychelles, whose govern-

ment follows its own brand of

benign "coconut socialism," aiso

allowed Soviet Bloc countries

harbour facilities in the capital

Tokyo

Date 24/2/93

1.4465

1.6220

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5.5048

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Date: 24/2/1993

1.1910 **

5.43

4.81

9.37

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JD/Gm

. 080

0.0894

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locally will pump several million

dollars more into the economy,

helped the West in the cold war. Now it is part of a global network of nine stations which especially help operations of the U.S. space

the official added.

agency NASA.

New York

Date 23/2/9.

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2 21

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Metal

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3.21

9.50

USD/Oz JD/Gm2

6.35

330.55

1 MTH 3 MTHS 6 MTHS 12 MTHS

5.56

7 75

5.06

3.21

9.06

USD/Oz

Date: 24/2/93

Close

Jordan Times

Cairo Amman Bank

U.S. cuts aid to Seychelles

VICTORIA (R) — The United States will slash aid to the Seychelles as part of Africa-wide nts by the New Clinton adminis-nation, a U.S. diplomat has said.
Outgoing Ambassador Mack Mattingly told reporters U.S. aid to the indian Ocean islands was heing reduced from \$3.3 million a

year to \$1.3 million. - U.S. aid resources for Africa had been stretched by the American led military effort in Somalia, where troops have been protecting relief operations

Despite the cuts in concessional aid, the U.S. will continue paying an annual \$4.5 million in

Financial

Markets

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Sterling Pound

French Franc

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Swiss Franc

European Corresty Unit

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1500

BOMBAY (R) — Hopes in fore-ign exchange markets of a full float of the Indian rupee have held on to their remittances ahead of the budget. The Indian currency, which

country's two-tier currency sys-

ign exchange system would send a strong signal to foreign investors that the government's economic liberalisation programme launched in mid-1991 remained on track after a recent religious riots, businessmen said.

this would help the country

But many foreign exchange dealers said they were sceptical the government would have the confidence to announce a full float now, with international foreign exchange markets in tur-

The Indian rupee fell sharply early this month on speculation a full float was imminent as expor-

opened 1993 at \$3.25 per 100 rapecs, dipped to a record low of \$2.97 before recovering to trade around the \$3.04 level, or 32.89 rupees to the dollar,

The governor of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), C. Rangarajan, dampened speculation a full float was imminent, saying there was no timetable yet for its intro-

The rupee was made partially convertible last year, and exporters would like the government to move towards full convertibility on trade account, although this does not mean removal of all

Under the present partial float begun last March, exporters have to sell 40 per cent of their hard currency earnings to the govern-ment but are free to sell the rest at the higher free market rate. The government uses the dif-ference to subsidise imports of crucial commodities such as oil and fertilisers.

Market opinion remains di-vided on whether Mr. Singh will opt for a full float or merely djust the ratio for exporters from 60:40 to 80:20. Some traders believe he will leave the ratio

A survey by Hongkong Bank in Bombay of 38 corporate treasurers showed most now anticipated an adjustment to 80:20.

"A full float will boost inflation just when the government has got it down to the 7.0 per cent level," said Mr. Ananthakrishnan

amman financial market OSING BARK CERTER ANNAM — SEARTSANT TELEVISIE: 660170 / 663170 KRT SEARE PRICE LIST FOR VEDERSDAY 24

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HELT BLACK SAVINGALINESTICAT FOR HOUSING	29,179	5.400	5.400	
MAGN BARE FOR THANKS AND ASSESSED.	112,759	1.750	1.750	
ARAS BANKING CORPORATION/JOSOBA	9,522	3.430	3.410	3.400
APARTAR SEAS IFSURANCE	8,671	2.650	2.670	
JOHNAN PRÉNCE INSCRIPCE	25,703	3.770	3.750	
BOLY LAND INSURANCE	876	3.250	3.250	
ARAB LIFE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE	632	3.180	3.110	3.110
al-bisk al-affabl insurance	612	4.500	4.500	4.500
JOHNANIA ELECTRIC POWER	21,991	1.730	1.730	2.750
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JOHNAN PATIONAL SELEPTING LINES	1,942	2.680	2.600	2.600
NATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES	25,968,	4.500	4.470	4.450
REAL ESTRIE DEVESTMENT JOHAN GULF STAL REVAIR DEVESTMENT PETRA ESTRIPPICES & EQUIPMENT LEASING JOHAN DETRICTIONAL TRADUES CONTRA	5,040	1.770	1.750	
JOHOAN GULF REAL BETATE INVESTMENT	7,585	0.820	0.820	0.820
Petra estreprises à divingues lyasib;	1.682	1.210	1.200	
JORDAN INTEROLITORAL TRADITIS CENTER	919	1.430	1.450	
UNITED MIDDLE EAST & COMMOCKE BOTELS ATTRACES COST. NATURAL MANUFACTURING THE RODRAL COMMOCKE BOTELS	11,544	1.360	2.360	1.376
UNITED MIDDLE EAST & COMMODORE BOTELS	18,819	2.200	2.220	2.200
ATTRICER COUST. MATERIAL MANUFACTURING	7,503	2.410	2.390	2.200
	15,434	1.890	1.880	1.880
THE ARAB POTASE .				
JORDAN PRINCIPUM REFIERRY	14.045	9.900	9.950 3.000	9.900
WANT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	8,525	3.000	3.000	2.990
THE HEUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AMERCHITORAL THE JOHNAN MOSSTED MILLS ARAB PRANEGOSTICAL MANUFACTURING ACCOUNT COMMERCIAL MANUFACTURING	1,170	5.680	5.850	
THE JOHNAN WORSTED MILLS	16,950	9.500	9.350	9.500
ARAB PRAESCEPTICAL MARIPACTURING	110,826	6.63D	6.630	6.640
JORDAN CENANIC INDUSTRIES	15,295	5,940	5.900	- 5.650
JORDAN DATRY	514	2.550	2.570	
		3.860		3.840
ARRE CHINGEN, DETERMINENTS INDUSTRIES	27.000	22.900	22.500	22.500
SPINNING & 1920VING	21,727	3.370		
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	14 700		33.000	37.000
DAR AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT ARAS ALUMENTO INCOSTRY LIVESTOCK & POOLEKY	14,300	11.000	11.000	44.000
AND INCOMES A LEAGUE LINE AND A LABOR.	10,073	3.450	3.450	3.400
AVAN ALUEISIUM LEUUSIKI	20,296	47.890	13.570	1 040
MATIONAL SEGUESTA LIVERSCOR A POOLERY CHESTAL HEVESTACES JORGAN MEDICAL CONFUNCTION MATIONAL STREET MAT	6,716	1.070	1.050	1-040
CHESTAL INVESTMENT	1,757	2.500	2.510	2-510
THE PAPER CONVERTING & TRAUTING	498	2.000	1.950	1.950
JORGAN MEDICAL CORPORATION	5,552	0.640.	0.670	0.678
eational stell dedocter	8,690	5.800	5.760	5.800
MATIONAL INDUSTRIES	10,079	1.040	I.950	1.065
INTERNETATE PETRO-CHRICAL INCOSTRIES JORDAN ROCKHOOL, INDUSTRIES UNIVERSAL CHRICAL INDUSTRIES ALADDIN TROSSTRIES	7,010	4.100	4.100 .	4.100
JORDAN MCCHICOL. INDUSTRIES	27,765			
UNIVERSAL CHIMICAL INDUSTRIES	27,998	14.000		
ALADOTE TENDETETES -	1.260	4.120	4.200	4.200

	Dat	te: 24/2/1993
Сытевсу	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6870	G.6890
Sterling Pound	0.9920	0.9970
Deutsche Mark	0.4237	0.4258.
Swiss Franc	0.4591	0.4614
French Franc	0.1247	0.1253
Japanese Yen's	0.5880	0.5709
Dutch Guilder	0.3752	C.3778

0.0890

0.0435

0.02053

Other Cerrencies	Date	24/2/1993
Currency	Bid	Offer
Bahraini Distar	1.7930	. 1.8120
Lebanese Lira	0.038167	0.041517
Sandi Riyal	0.1829	0.1840
Kewaiti Dinar	2.2230	2.2450
Qelari Riyal	0.1861	0.1873
Eyptien Pound	0.1950	0.2150
Opponi Riyal	1.7520	1.7720
AE Dirkem	0.1861	0.1873
reek Drachma*	0.31225	0.31625
yprict Pound	1.4015	1.4125

Index	22/2/93 Close	23/2/93 Close
All-Share	190.04	190.89
Banking Sector	132.67	134.26
Insurance Sector	214.37	214.14
Industry Sector	268.66	268.58
Services Sector	253.19	252.96

Hopes recede for full float of Indian rupee

receded, with dealers now expecting the government to opt for a less risky adjustment in the

"The fundamentals do not encourage full convertibility on trade account," said V. Ananthakrishnan, chief executive of the Foreign Exchange Dealers' Association of India (FEDAI). Indian exporters and foreign

exchange dealers had been hoping that Finance Minister Manmohan Singh would announce a full float of the rupee in the national budget Saturday. Scrapping India's two-tier fore-

Kishor Shah, president of the Federation of Indian Export

Organisations (FIEO), said he remained hopeful Mr. Singh would opt for a full float, saying export drive.

ters and Indians working abroad

British long-term unemployed tops 1m

LONDON (R) — The number of long-term unemployed in Britain has passed one million, according to figures released Tuesday, with overall joblessness three times that level

Prime Minister John Major, under fire in parliament, admitted unemployment was "too high and higher than anyone would

year or more rose 75,000 in the three months to January to 1.03 million, a five-year high.

Scotland was the latest to add to the toll Tuesday, sacking 550

or 10.8 per cent.

er John Smith said Mr. Major was failing to do anything to help the long-term unemployed, 20 per cent of whom were aged between

Many of them had never had the chance to work at all in 14 years of rule by Mr. Major's Conservative Party," Mr. Smith

placed Margaret Thatcher just over two year ago, he said. "It

Mr. Major said unemployment was rising across Europe. Governments of all complexions were struggling to deal with it, he said, adding: "If there is an easy answer, why is it that those socialist governments as failed to find it?" ents and others have

New government statistics showed those out of work for a A naval dockyard at Rosyth in

The Department of Employment said Long-term unemployment has risen by 38 per cent in the year since January 1992 and has more than doubled since the current uptrend began in October

Britain's total unemployment, allowing for seasonal factors, is almost three million — the highest since January 1987. The unadinsted total stands at 3.06 million

Opposition Labour Party lead-18 and 24.

Unemployment had risen by one million since Mr. Major rehas gone up every month since you took office."

He said his government had a range of programmes to help the long-term unemployed and would do more this year.

the shopping centre area.

Jordan-Gulf Bank accord successfully closes series of commercial banks' woes

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

reached this week between the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) and a group of Jordanian and Arab investors has closed the file on a series of troubles that hit Jordanian commercial banks in recent years.

The "agreement of understanding" signed by a CBJappointed management committee of the Jordan-Gulf Bank and the group of investors transfers the ownership of Jordan Gulf to the investors, who will raise the capital of the bank to JD 20

The new entity would have the second highest capitalisation of any Jordanian commercial bank. The first is the Arab Bank.

The Jordan-Gulf Bank and the Al Mashreq Bank were taken over by the Central Bank under directives from the Economic Security Committee (ESC) in 1988 and 1989 after financial troubles hit the two commercial banks. The Jordan-Gulf Bank was a wholly Jordanian bank while Al Mashreq was affiliated

to a Lebanese group.

The central bank injected money into both banks and in 1992 merged them in line with the

dom. Although Al Mashreq was Lebanese-affiliated, it was consi-AMMAN — An agreement dered as any other Jordanian commercial bank and bound by the rules and regulations set by the CBJ.

Petra Bank, which was also taken over by the ESC in August 1988 along with Jordan-Gulf, was ordered liquidated in 1990. The liquidation process is expected to be completed by next year.

Economists say that the net loss the treasury incurred in the takeover and subsequent 20month operation of Petra Bank could be between JD 100 million and JD 150 million depending on the success of the liquidators to collect debts.

But in the case of Jordan-Gulf and Al Mashreq the CBJ will be able to recover the funds it iniected to keep them operational.

officials and economists say. This week's agreement was reached after several months of negotiations on the best means to protect the interests of the public and ensure that the CBJ would be able to retrieve the funds it pumped to keep Jordan-Gulf and Al Mashreq afloat.

.. The purchase has safeguarded the rights of all parties," Ahmad Abdul Fattah, the CBJ's executive manager of banking su-CBJ policy of limiting the number pervision and inspection, was

Mr. Fattah said Jordan-Gulf and Al Mashreq had adequate provisions to cover for bad debts and the CBJ could regain the loans it extended to them.

According to the CBJ official. the new capital injection meets CBJ directives to Jordanian banks to reach new standards set by the Swiss-based Bank for International Settlements (BIS).

All Arab banks except those in Saudi Arabia have been asked by BIS to boost capital adequacy the ratio between shareholder equity and assets -- to eight per cent, partly to protect creditors and depositors, according to Reu-

The agreement reached this week "will preserve the rights of the bank, its clients - whether depositors, creditors of borrowers - and its staff members, and will ensure a renewed start for the bank in the various normal banking services that will end up to benefit the national economy." said a statement issued by the management committee of Jordan-Gulf Bank.

The "agreement of under-standing" was signed by Walid Asfour, chairman of the management committee, and Zuhair Al Sheikh Faris Awartani, a Jorda-

Romanian premier admits failure to meet IMF terms

Minister Nicolae Vacaroiu told the International Monetary Fund-(IMF) Tuesday that Romania could not meet conditions attached to the last segment of a standby credit because of a

deepening financial crisis. His remarks were reported by the state news agency Rompres after he had met visiting IMF Executive Director Godard Posthumus in Bucharest.

"The premier told his guest Romania could not meet the requirements of its agreement with the IMF for 1992 because of a

deepening crisis that has made it use financial resources for consumption instead of investments," Rompres said.

Romania has yet to draw a last

credits worth \$500 million agreed with the IMF under a 1992 standby deal to support its balance of But Romania has failed to

tranche of \$75 million from total

meet IMF performance criteria on foreign exchange reserves, officials said last week. The National Bank's governor

said recently that big state imports of wheat had depleted the country's currency reserves, which tuncbled to a meagre \$29 million at the end of 1992. Finance officials have also

blamed revenue losses linked to

enforcement of United Nations economic sanctions against neighbouring rump Yugoslavia for denting Bucharest's finances. Despite the failure, Mr. Vacar-Georgescu both expressed hope

for further IMF help including a new standby loan for 1993 as they struggle with market reforms. "I dare say there are justified hopes for Romania to expect financial support from the IMF,"

Mr. Georgescu told Reuters. "During the talks I realised the

IMF has an accurate perception

of where Romania now stands," Georgescu said. "The talks represented an important step towards the negotiation of a new standby deal in March."

Mr. Georgescu said Bucharest now awaited a decision from the IMF board in Washington on Mr. Posthumus' findings.

We agreed Romania is going through one of the most sensitive moments of the transition to a market economy," Mr. Georgescu said.

Mr. Vacaroiu briefed Mr. Posthumus on why Romania failed to meet IMF reserves criteria and reaffirmed his cabinet's commitment to free-market reforms, a government source said. Rompres said Mr. Vacaroiu

explained that his four-month-old team was seeking ways to introduce financial discipline and promote laws to underpin the reform. The minority-led government, appointed by President Ion In

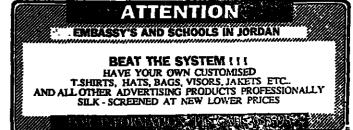
cu in November after inconclusive September elections, has spent three months preparing its governing programme, which is to be submitted to parliament some time this week.

Mr. Posthumus told Mr. Vacaroiu the IMF was willing to continue its cooperation with Bucharest.

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U.N. convoy held up as U.S. works on Bosnia airdrop plan

convoy was halted at a rebel Serb checkpoint in eastern Bosnia for a second day Wednesday as the United States worked on plans to fly supplies to trapped Muslims over their besiegers.

The Serbs' refusal to allow the trucks to pass on their way to the encircled town of Gorazde seemed certain to add pressure for Washington to go ahead with its proposal to parachute aid to the Muslims, cut off since Bosnia's civil war started 10 months

Battlefronts in the war were reported generally quiet. But a Reuter television team which went to Azici, a strategic western suburb of Sarajevo, found Serb forces had completed their capture of the area after two weeks of fighting.

Fighting is now likely to concentrate on Stup, the Bosnianheld neighbouring suburb.

The two districts dominate the

vital highway between Sarajevo and its airport. If Stup also falls, the western entrance to the Bosnian capital will be wide open.

The U.N. trucks spent the night in deep snow at Podromanija, 60 kilometres from Muslim-held Gorazde. They were stop-ped by the Serbs Tuesday in a wrangle over inspection of their

cargo.
U.N. aid official Lyndall Sachs said the Serbs were allowed to examine relief convoys to make sure they were not carrying arms to the Muslims. "But they will be searched once, and once only." she said.

Since the convoy leaders expected the trucks to be inspected at Rogatica, nearer Gorazde,

they were refusing to undergo are a host of specialised problems examination at Podromanija. are a host of specialised problems in Bosnia in the middle of a war."

"It's not that we've anything to hide," said Mr. Sachs. "But it's a lot of work loading and reloading goods for inspection and they can get damaged.

A White House statement in Washington said airdrops would supplement road convoys, not replace them.

President Bill Clinton and U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali agreed on the plan Tues-

day.
There is no problem. This will be done in complete coordina-tion," Dr. Ghali said after meet-

ing Mr. Clinton.

The airdrop proposal has run into opposition from the Bosnian Serbs. The deputy commander of the Serbs' army, General Milan Gvero, said the drops would "almost certainly bring about the massive use of military force and the escalation of armed clashes,

with unforeseen consequences U.N. peacekeeping forces in Bosnia have also given Washington's plan a cool reception. So far they have apparently not been consulted.

Their spokesman, Commander Barry Frewer, said in Sarajevo Wednesday: "We are not privy at this time to the plans the Americans are developing.
"Until we are, it is difficult to

know what sort of support we can give, if any is expected."

The U.N. aid relief chief in

Sarajevo, Tony Land, welcomed the plan but warned of difficul-

"We're very positive about anything which gets food into hungry people," he said. However, he added: "There

The fighting around Sarajevo has dropped in intensity following a unilateral ceasefire declared by the Bosnia government Saturday. But if the ceasefire breaks down, as 19 others have before it, the Bosnian soldiers defending

Stup will be in for a major battle. We could take Stup in three days. Then perhaps we will go on to Alipasino Polje," a Serb soltold Reuter television.

An attack on Alipasino Polje, a high-rise neighbourhood across from the city's television station and the U.N. Headquarters, would signal the beginning of the final struggle for the capital.

NATO Secretary-General Manfred Woerner Wednesday backed a U.N. plan to send air-drops of humanitarian aid to Bos-

The North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) issued a statement supporting the initia-tive a few hours after U.S. President Bill Clinton and U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali agreed on a plan to parachute relief supplies to besieged mainly

"The secretary-general supports the U.S. decision to undertake airdrops of humanitarian assistance into eastern Bosnia.' the statement said, adding that the Western alliance had repe-atedly called for effective relief aid in the former Yugoslavia.

"The secretary-general hopes that this humanitarian action, which will alleviate the plight of innocent civilians cut off from the most basic relief supplies for months will also contribute to

of points in the tense capital.

eastern border.

achieving a settlement of the con-

Although White House offi-cials insisted no final decision had yet been made to actually start the humanitarian relief mission the United States told NATO allies it will parachute supplies within a few days, alliance sources said.

Meanwhile, the U.N. Human Rights Commission Tuesday sing-led out rape by Serb forces in Bosnia-Herzegovina as a war crime and said perpetrators must be brought to trial. In a resolution, the 53-nation

panel also condemned human rights abuses by all sides in the conflict, including Bosnian Muslims and Croats.

There cannot only be black devils on the one hand and angels on the other," Russian envoy Sergei Kovaliev said.

But the U.N. commission reserved most of its outrage for "ethnic cleansing" by Serb forces in Bosnia, where "the systematic practice of rape is being used as a weapon of war against Muslim women and children."

On Monday, the U.N. Security Council voted to set up an inter-national tribunal to prosecute people accused of war atrocities in former Yugoslavia, which

would include rape. Many legal experts believe rape is already covered by the Geneva Conventions, which set down minimum standards of manity in warfare.

Several international missions to former Yugoslavia, including one supervised by the comm sion's special investigator, Tadeusz Mazowiecki, have documented rape in Bosnia.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

KINSHASA (R) - Elite Zairean troops shot dead 21 people in a

revenge shooting attack to avenge the death of a comrade, Western diplomats said Wednesday. City officials put the death

toll at 10 in Monday's rampage in the Kinshasa suburb of Kingasani while state radio spoke of "several" deaths at a number

MOSCOW (R) — Azerbaijan's President Abulfaz Elchibey has

sacked the military commander blamed for a series of defeats in

the disputed territory of Nagorno-Karabakh, Interfax News

Agency said. Surat Guseinov, commander of Azeri forces in the north of the encalve, was removed after his troops surrendered at

least 18 villages to ethnic Armenian forces over the last three weeks. Interfax said the Armenians seized the crucial Sarsang

Dam, 20 kilometres north of othe Karabakh capital Stepanakert,

Monday night and were moving towards the regional centre of

Mardakert, held by Azeri forces. The agency also quoted

Armenian officials in Yerevan as saying Armenians in Karabakh

had repulsed an Azeri attack in the south of the enclave and

destroyed a base in Azerbaijan's Agdam region near the enclave's

TBILISI, Georgia (R) - Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze,

raising the stakes in his country's dispute with Moscow, demanded the withdrawal of Russian troops from two Black Sea provinces and threatened total mobilisation. In a speech to

parliament, the former Soviet foreign minister accessed the Russian top brass of planning to establish dominance in Abkhazia

and Adzharia through supporting separatist forces there. He said

Russian troops left over from the Soviet era should leave the two

Georgian provinces. "Otherwise we will have to announce a total mobilisation and rise up with weapons in our hands to defend the

country." Mr. Shevardnadze focused on remarks by Russian

Defence Minister Pavel Grachev, made during an interview

shown on Russian Television late Monday. "(Georgia's Black Sea

Mr. Grachev said. "We... must take every measure to ensure that

our troops remain there, otherwise we will lose the Black Sea."

DUSHANBE, Tajikistan (AP) — Tajikistan's leader accused

Islamic rebels of killing 118 government troops in an ambush, and a news agency reported Wednesday that fierce fighting was

continuing in the mountains east of the capital. Troops loyal to

the pro-Communist government forced the rebels out of

Dushanbe late last year after months of fighting that began in

May. But the rebels - a coalition of Islamic, Tajik nationalist and

self-described democratic forces — are widely expected to start a spring offensive. Thousands of people have been killed in the civil

war, which has its roots in territorial and clan rivalries that intensified since the collapse of the Soviet Union. Tajik Televi-

sion Tuesday night quoted parliament speaker Emumali Rakh-

monov as saying the 118 government troops were greeted warmly

by local residents in the Garm region east of Dushanbe, invited to

KIGALI (R) — Up to a million people have fled northern

Rwanda to escape fresh fighting between rebels and government

forces this month, relief workers said Wednesday. "there are

close to a million people on the move," said Walter Stocker, head

of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) team

which is leading efforts to deal with the refugee crisis in the tiny

central African state. He said hordes of peasants had been

trekking southwards since guerrillas of the Rwanda Patriotic

Front (RPF) broke a seven-month-old ceasefire and attacked

army positions in the northern Ruhengeri and Byumba districts

on Feb. 8. Relief sources said government forces had set up roadblocks to prevent waves of destitute refugees from flooding

into the capital Kigali, but about 200,000 people are scattered in

ASPEN, Colorado (R) — All five back-country skiers missing in a

Colorado avalanche since last week were found alive Tuesday

after rescuers had all but given up hope of finding survivors. After

enduring three nights of freezing weather, the last three missing

skiers, two women and a man, were plucked by a helicopter from

a snow-covered mountain near Aspen and rushed to a hospital in

the affluent ski resort, authorities said. The two women, both

suffering from frostbite, had to be carried from the helicopter to a

waiting ambulance after landing at Aspen's airport, a spokes-woman for the Pitkin county Sheriff's department said.

a teahouse, then "treacherously slaughtered."

the hills 15 kilometres north of the city.

5 skiers found alive in Colorado

Up to a million flee Rwanda fighting

Scores 'slaughtered' by Tajik rebels

coast) is an area of strategic importance for the Russian army,

Georgia wants Russian troops out

Azeri president sacks commander

21 killed in Zaire soldiers' raid



HELICOPTER CRASH: wreckage of a U.S. military helicopter lies on the tarmac of the Wiesbaden-Erbenheim Airfield after crashing here late Feb. 23. Four U.S.

were taken to a hospital. The reason for the crash

Russia proposes demilitarised zones in Siberian Far East

TOKYO (R) - Senior officers of Russia's Supreme Military Com-mand told Japanese counterparts Wednesday that Moscow may create demilitarised zones in the Siberian Far East as part of a policy to ease tensions with China and Japan.

"We are prepared to create demilitarised zones in the Far East," Lieutenant-General Andrei Nikolayev, first deputy chief of staff of the Supreme Military Command, or Stavka, was quoted by Japanese Defence Ministry officials as telling a semi-

nar at the ministry.

He also singled out Islamic fundamentalism as a "dangerous

Gen. Nikolayev was the First Russian or Soviet military officer since before World War I to address a group of senior Japanese officers in Japan, the officials said.

Gen. Nikolayev did not give details about the zones, but said it was a measure designed to prom-ote friendly ties with both China and Japan.

Except for a brief period of close military cooperation before and during World War I, Russia and Japan have been perennial enemies. The two countries have

fought two wars this century as well as some other military

Gen. Nikolayev, Brigadier General Gennady Ivanov, a pro-fessor at the Stavka Academy and Anatoly Negreyev, deputy head of the Russian Defence Ministry's Foreign Relations Department, arrived in Tokyo Monday for a

six-day goodwill visit. Gen. Nikolayev was speaking on the first day of a two-day ninar for about 50 Japanese officers and senior Japanese De-fence Ministry officials on Rus-

sian defence policy. They were returning a similar trip to Moscow by Japanese offic-ers of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Council last June.

Gen. Nikolayev's main topic Wednesday was Russia's new military doctrine, a document submitted to President Boris Yeltsjn's office for formal

On Thursday, Gen. Ivanov es the same seminar on plans for Russia's defence build-

The draft of the doctrine outlines the need for Russia to upgrade its rapid-deployment force to counter possible threats in

neighbouring countries, including nations in the Commonwealth of

Independent States, due to ethnic or religious strife and border distes, Gen. Nikolayev said.

The difference between the former Soviet and the new Russian doctrine is adherence to United Nations and Helsinki treaty agreements, Gen. Nikolayev

Russia is ready to abandon the first-strike principle when firing nuclear weapons if other nuclear powers agreed, he added.

Asked by Japanese officers if Japan or Japanese territory figured in the new doctrine Gen.

Nikolayev refused to answer. A dispute over islands captured by the Red Army in 1945 and called the Southern Kuriles by Moscow and the Northern Territories by Japan has prevented the two countries from signing a World War II peace treaty.

Without the treaty, Japan says, there will be no full-scale economic aid for Russia. The quarrel forced Mr. Yeltsin to cancel a scheduled trip to Tokyo last

Gen. Nikolayev defended the volume of Russian military sales to other countries, saying it accounted for only \$4 billion of the global arms trade, estimated

Rebel aide calls for truce in Angola

LISBON (R) — A leading member of the rebel movement UN-ITA called " for a truce in Ange ∞ governne **central** city of Huambo.

urgent and "A total cease: necessary," Fatima . . . ue, "economic minister" in Jonas Savimbi's National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UN-ITA), said in a statement issued

Ms. Roque left the Angolan capital Luanda at the beginning of February after being held by the government in protective custody at a hotel for three months.
"The ferocious and destructive

fighting in Huambo and other parts of Angola contribute nothing towards peace and democracy. But it was government forces and not UNITA which

attacked Huambo," she said.
Peace accords signed in 1991 to end a 16 year civil war in Angola between UNITA and the ruling MPLA (Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola) collapsed when Mr. Savimbi rejected his defeat in September

Full-scale fighting returned in late December, and Huambo, once Angola's second largest city and UNITA headquarters, has become the centrepiece of the

A white economist born in Angola who holds Portuguese nationality, Ms. Roque is regarded as one of the more moderate members of Mr. Savimbi's

U.S., Russian and Portuguese diplomats promised Tuesday to exert strong pressure on the Angolan government and rebels when the warring factions meet with international mediators this

The three countries were the guarantors of the 1991 accord that ended a 16-year civil war that killed some 350,000 people and rained Angola's oil-and diamondbased economy.

renewed conflict. U.N. repatriates 300,000 Cambodian refugees

BANGKOK (Agencies) — A total of 300,000 Cambodian refugees have returned home from Thaiated before the Cambodian elecland with United Nations assisttions in late May. ance since the repatriation began in March 1992, a U.N. statement

received Wednesday said. The 300,000th refugee was among a family of six that left Tuesday for Phnom Penh, the Cambodian capital, the statement

Sar Lay, 37, his wife Sem Arth and their four sons said they wanted to run a restaurant in Phnom Penh, as they did at the Site 2 refugee camp. The couple had lived in the camp since 1980, where their two youngest sons were born.

U.N. officials presented them with gifts and a commemorative

More than 60,000 Cambodian refugees remain in camps along the Thai-Cambodian border, but they are expected to be repatri-

The United Nations provides refugees with aid including food for 400 days. The refugees fled the war

caused by Vietnam's invasion of Cambodia in late 1978. They began returning home after Cambodia's warring factions signed a 1991 peace accord that brought a U.N. peacekeeping force into the country to prepare for the elec-

Their country remains in turmoil, however, because of violence blamed on both the Khmer Rouge guerrillas and the govern-

Meanwhile, Cambodian head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk has offered rare praise for

the courage of United Nations

peacekeepers just weeks after berating the world body's Cambo-

The prince, who heads a reconciliation council of Cambodia's four factions, enclosed the message of praise for the blue berets in a letter to U.N. Transitional Authority in Cambodia (UN-TAC) chief Yasushi Akashi, UN-TAC spokesman Eric Falt said

The prince had special mention for those injured by landmine blasts in a country littered with the deadly ordnance of decades of civil war and political turmoil. "Landmine explosions ... (have

caused) very severe injuries among the ranks of the distinguished and courageous officers and other members of UNTAC. the prince wrote in his letter.

U.S. civil rights trial hits a snag

LOS ANGELES (R) - The trial of four white Los Angeles police officers accused of violating black motorist Rodney King's rights ran into a roadblock following allegations that a black juror privately accused the defence of trying to keep blacks off the panel.

Lawyers for three of the four officers asked for a mistrial during a closed-door hearing called by U.S. District Judge John Davies to investigate the charges. Opening arguments in the

racially charged case had been scheduled to begin Wednesday, but lawyers said they would not now begin until Thursday at the earliest. A more likely date was Friday, or even next Monday,

they said.

The 12-member jury, consisting of two blacks, one Hispanic

and nine whites, was sworn in Monday.

Ira Saizman, representing Police Sergeant Stacey Koon, told Judge Davies in open court Tuesday morning he received a call earlier in the day from a former propective juror, a reserve police officer bumped from the panel at the prosecution's re-

> The officer said a black woman now on the panel had said the defence was trying to exclude blacks from the jury. "I cannot now accept this jury

as constituted" unless the black juror was questioned further, Ms. Salzman said.

The racial composition of the jury is considered crucial because Sgt. Koon, former Los Angeles Police Officer Timothy Wind,

Officer Laurence Powell and Officer Theodore Briseno were acquitted in nearby Ventura County last year by a jury that had no blacks.

The verdict sparked the worst riots in the United States this century in which 53 people were killed.

Although prosecutors objected to reopening the jury selection process the reserve police officer was interviewed in chambers Tuesday afternoon, Judge Davies sealed the proceeding and Ms. Salzman and the other lawyers refused to comment on it.

The four policemen are charged with wilfully violating Mr. King's rights in the March 3 1991, videotaped beating which was televised workfwide. Each faces up to 10 years in prison and \$250,000 in fines if convicted.

Man accidentally talked to Clinton

SANTA ROSA , California (AP) — The telephone rang and a familiar, slightly hoarse voice said: "This is Bill Clinton. May i speak to John Clark?" Yes, that was President Clinton on the phone, a White House spokeswoman said Tuesday. But sorry,wrong number - and wrong woter — Austin Sullivan told the president. Mr. Sullivan, 79, a: political conservative, said Mr. Clinton explained Monday that he was in the San Francisco Bay area and was trying to reach to old friend. He apologised pro-fusely for disturbing Mr. Sullivan. Mr. Sullivan said Mr. Clinton also thanked him for his support and said: "Thank you for voting for me." "Oh, I didn't vote for you," Mr. Sullivan responded, But he said he was happy with what Mr. Clinton is trying to accomplish and added: "I'm praying for you." "Well. thank you for th.t," he said Mr. Climon replied. "He had a nice visit." the former haberdasher said of his caller. "I asked him how I was ever going to get people to be-lieve I had really talked to him and he said he didn't know. But I could tell by the voice and the way he talked, it really was the president." White House Deputy Press Secretary Lorraine Voles confirmed Tuesday that Mr. Clinton tried to call an old friend during a break in his trip to the San Jose area but got Mr. Sullivan instead.

Thai navy drafts man who lost leg

BANGKOK (R) - A 22-yearold man who lost his right leg after being shot by soldiers during political violence in Thailand last May has been fied by the navy, the Nation newspaper reported. "I don't understand why they want my son in the navy now that he is physically nandicapped," Viraphol Panthongthavorn's mother was quoted as telling an Interior Ministry official. Having reported to a naval base on Feb. 1, as ordered, the young man had so far been kept in hospital, his mother said. Scores of demonstrators were killed and hundreds wounded last May when Thai soldiers fired into crowds demonstrating for a restoration of democracy after a general who had never stood in an election was selected as prime

Ex-child star wins million-dollar lawsuit

SANTA MONICA, California (R) — A California judge awarded former TV child star Gary Coleman more than \$1 million in a suit in which he accessed his parents and ex-manager of squandering his money, Coleman's lawyer said. Coleman, who played Arnold in the series Different Strokes, sued his parents, W.G. and Edmonia See Coleman, and former business manager Anita Dethomas in 1989. Coleman's lawyer said California Superior Court Judge Hiroshi Fujisaki ruled that Coleman's parents had been wrongfally paid \$1,280,522 in excessive commissions, salaries, fees and pension distributions between 1982 and 1987.

Florida fights 'state of terror' tag

TALLAHASSEE, Florida (R) -Headlines about recent attacks on travellers prompted Florida's governor Tuesday to form a task force to fight both the problem and the perception. British tabloids had issued tips on "how to survive in the Florida jungle" and had called Florida the "state-of terror." "Tourists are not in any extraordinary danger in Florida Governor Lawton Chiles told tourism and police officials. About 40 million people visit the subtropical state each year, making tourism its leading industry.
Police statistics show just 7,000 were victims of violent crime last

Di 'to make point' in Nepal

LONDON (R) — Britain's Princess Diana is to make an official" visit to Nepal next week, ber first such trip abroad since separating from the heir to the throne Prince Charles, Buckingham Palace said Tuesday. A palace spokesmur said the 31-year-old principle would arrive in the Himaliyan kingdom on March 2 for five days. of duties mostly linked with British aid work. She will be account is panied by a member of the British government, Overseas Development Minister Baronnia Chalker, in what some newsports of commentators see as an attenut. commentators see as an atter to show sine retains top roys status despite her broken man-

Sir Anthony Hopkins goes to the palace

LONDON (AP) - Sir Anthony Hopkins went to Buckingham

Palace Tuesday to receive his knighthood from Queen Elizabeth II. Sir Anthony, who won an Oscar last year for his portrayal of Hannibal Lecter in The Silence Of The Lambs, was awarded the knighthood in the queen's New Year honours list. "I am a little bit numb at the moment," he said immediately after receiving the honour. "I didn't expect this and I hope I don't sound falsely modest, but I am very honoured," the 55-year-old Welshman said. "I can't quite take it in, it does not make much sense to me at the moment. Sir Anthony was made a CBE, or Commander of the British Empire in 1987. The photograph shows Sir Anthony and Lady Hopkins posing for a photo outside the Buckingham Palace (AFP photo)

IMPORTANT STATEMENT FROM "BCCI DEPOSITORS"

A large meeting was held and attended by all depositors of the Bank of Credit and Commerce International (BCCI) which is owned by Abu Dhabi government represented by the ruling family in the emirate and their delegates.

The depositors hereby announce to all parties concerned whether from the bank's owners or liquidators as well as all governments concerned with the bank's liquidation that there will be no solution to this crisis unless by full reimbursement of all our deposits and rights registered in the bank's records. Whatever compensation plans they propose and whatever ways used to change and conceal the facts, it would never make us abandon the claim of our right using all possible ways and means which enventually

would return to us our full rights. The reason for depositing our funds with them was our confidence that the bank's owners were honest, financially capable, responsible and could not cause us any harm. What we see and hear now of the behaviour of those in charge of the crisis is regrettable and disgusting. They had dissipated and wasted our deposits and money in front of civilised world's eyes and within the most developed and modern means of money management in capitals and world financial centres.

back us and announce that we shall never give up our rights no matter how long it takes. We are always busy thinking of ways and means to recover our rights and we know well how to recover such rights from those concerned.

Depositors Committee

We hereby request all governments and institutions to